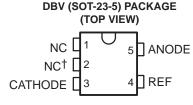
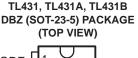
SGLS302C - MARCH 2005 - REVISED APRIL 2008

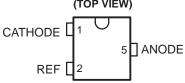
- **Qualified for Automotive Applications**
- Operation From -40°C to 125°C
- Reference Voltage Tolerance at 25°C
  - 1% . . . A Grade
  - 0.5% . . . B Grade
- **Typical Temperature Drift** - 14 mV (Q Temp)
- **Low Output Noise**
- **0.2-**Ω Typical Output Impedance
- Sink-Current Capability = 1 mA to 100 mA
- Adjustable Output Voltage = V<sub>ref</sub> to 36 V



NC - No internal connection

† Pin 2 is connected internally to ANODE (die substrate) and should be floating or connected to ANODE.





#### description

The TL431 is a three-terminal adjustable shunt regulator with specified thermal stability over

applicable automotive temperature ranges. The output voltage can be set to any value between V<sub>ref</sub> (approximately 2.5 V) and 36 V, with two external resistors (see Figure 17). This device has a typical output impedance of 0.2 Ω. Active output circuitry provides a sharp turn-on characteristic, making this device an excellent replacement for Zener diodes in many applications, such as onboard regulation, adjustable power supplies, and switching power supplies.

#### Ordering Information<sup>†</sup>

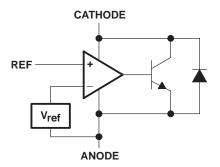
| TA             | PACKAG         | ĘŤ           | ORDERABLE<br>PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE<br>MARKING |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|                | SOT-23-5 (DBV) | Reel of 3000 | TL431AQDBVRQ1            | TACQ                |
| -40°C to 125°C | SOT-23-3 (DBZ) | Reel of 3000 | TL431BQDBZRQ1            | T3FU                |
|                | SOT-23-5 (DBV) | Reel of 3000 | TL431QDBVRQ1             | T3QU                |
|                | SOT-23-3 (DBZ) | Reel of 3000 | TL431AQDBZRQ1            | TAQU                |

<sup>†</sup> For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at http://www.ti.com.

#### symbol



#### functional block diagram





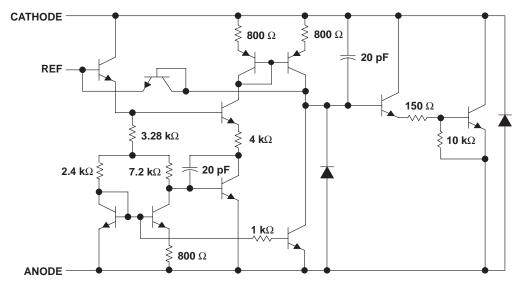
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PowerFLEX is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

<sup>‡</sup> Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at http://www.ti.com/packaging.

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#### equivalent schematic<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> All component values are nominal.

#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)‡

| Cathode voltage, V <sub>KA</sub> (see Note 1)          | 37 V              |
|--|-------------------|
| Continuous cathode current range, I <sub>KA</sub>      | –100 mA to 150 mA |
| Reference input current range                          | –50 μA to 10 mA   |
| Operating virtual junction temperature, T <sub>J</sub> | 150°C             |
| Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>            | –65°C to 150°C    |
| ESD protection level (see Note 2): HBM                 | (H2) 2.5 kV       |
| CDM  | (C4) 1 kV         |
| MM   | (M2) 200 V        |

<sup>‡</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: Voltage values are with respect to the ANODE terminal, unless otherwise noted.

#### package thermal data (see Note3)

| PACKAGE        | AGE BOARD         |         | $\theta$ JA |  |
|----------------|-------------------|---------|-------------|--|
| SOT-23-5 (DBV) | High K, JESD 51-7 | 131°C/W | 206°C/W     |  |
| SOT-23-3 (DBZ) | High K, JESD 51-7 | 76°C/W  | 206°C/W     |  |

NOTE 3: Maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_J(max)$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ , and  $T_A$ . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is  $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ . Operating at the absolute maximum  $T_J$  of 150°C can affect reliability.

#### recommended operating conditions

|     |                                      | MIN              | MAX | UNIT |
|-----|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----|------|
| VKA | Cathode voltage                      | V <sub>ref</sub> | 36  | V    |
| IKA | Cathode current                      | 1                | 100 | mA   |
| TA  | Operating free-air temperature range | -40              | 125 | °C   |



NOTE 2: ESD Protection Level per AEC Q100 Classification

#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise noted)

|                                       | DADAMETED   |                         | TEOT (   | CONDITIONS                                    |      | TL431Q |      | LINUT          |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|---|------|--------|------|----------------|
| PARAMETER                             |   | CIRCUIT TEST CONDITIONS |  | MIN   | TYP  | MAX    | UNIT |                |
| V <sub>ref</sub>                      | Reference voltage   | 2                       | $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ , $I_{KA} =$  | = 10 mA                                       | 2440 | 2495   | 2550 | mV             |
| V <sub>I(dev)</sub>                   | Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)       | 2                       | V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> , I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 125°C |   |      | 14     | 34   | mV             |
| $\Delta V_{ref}$                      | Ratio of change in reference voltage  |                         | 101  | $\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$              |      | -1.4   | -2.7 | m\/            |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta V_{KA}}$ | to the change in cathode voltage  | 3                       | $I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}$   | $\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$ |      | -1     | -2   | $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| I <sub>ref</sub>                      | Reference current   | 3                       | I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1  | = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞                               |      | 2      | 4    | μΑ             |
| l(dev)                                | Deviation of reference current<br>over full temperature range<br>(see Figure 1) | 3                       | $I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}, R1 = 10$<br>$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 125$                       |   |      | 0.8    | 2.5  | μΑ             |
| I <sub>min</sub>                      | Minimum cathode current for regulation  | 2                       | V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>   |   |      | 0.4    | 1    | mA             |
| l <sub>off</sub>                      | Off-state cathode current   | 4                       | V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V, V <sub>ref</sub>   | = 0   |      | 0.1    | 1    | μΑ             |
| z <sub>K</sub> A                      | Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)  | 2                       | $I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100$<br>$f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$   | 0 mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,                    |      | 0.2    | 0.5  | Ω              |

# electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, $T_A$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

|                                       | DADAMETED   |                         | TEST CONDITIONS   |   | Т    | LINUT |      |                |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|------|-------|------|----------------|
| PARAMETER                             |   | CIRCUIT TEST CONDITIONS |   | MIN   | TYP  | MAX   | UNIT |                |
| V <sub>ref</sub>                      | Reference voltage   | 2                       | $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ , $I_{KA} =$   | = 10 mA                                       | 2470 | 2495  | 2520 | mV             |
| V <sub>I(dev)</sub>                   | Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)       | 2                       | $V_{KA} = V_{ref, I_{KA}} = 10 \text{ mA},$ $T_{A} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ |   |      | 14    | 34   | mV             |
| $\Delta V_{ref}$                      | Ratio of change in reference voltage  |                         |   | $\Delta V_{KA} = 10 V - V_{ref}$              |      | -1.4  | -2.7 | m\/            |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta V_{KA}}$ | to the change in cathode voltage  | 3                       | $I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}$  | $\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$ |      | -1    | -2   | $\frac{mV}{V}$ |
| I <sub>ref</sub>                      | Reference current   | 3                       | I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1   | = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞                               |      | 2     | 4    | μΑ             |
| I(dev)                                | Deviation of reference current<br>over full temperature range<br>(see Figure 1) | 3                       | I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 = 10 kΩ, R2 = $\infty$ ,<br>T <sub>A</sub> = $-40$ °C to 125°C                |   |      | 0.8   | 2.5  | μΑ             |
| I <sub>min</sub>                      | Minimum cathode current for regulation  | 2                       | V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>  |   |      | 0.4   | 0.7  | mA             |
| l <sub>off</sub>                      | Off-state cathode current   | 4                       | V <sub>KA</sub> = 36 V, V <sub>ref</sub> = 0  |   |      | 0.1   | 0.5  | μΑ             |
| z <sub>KA</sub>                       | Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)  | 2                       | $I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100$<br>$f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$  | 0 mA, $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ ,                    |      | 0.2   | 0.5  | Ω              |

#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

|                     | DADAMETED   |                         | TEST CONDITIONS   |   | Т    |      |      |                |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|------|------|------|----------------|
| PARAMETER           |   | CIRCUIT TEST CONDITIONS |   | MIN   | TYP  | MAX  | UNIT |                |
| V <sub>ref</sub>    | Reference voltage   | 2                       | V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> , I <sub>KA</sub> =                  | 10 mA   | 2483 | 2495 | 2507 | mV             |
| V <sub>I(dev)</sub> | Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range (see Figure 1)       | 2                       | $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ , $I_{KA} = 10$ mA, $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C          |   |      | 14   | 34   | mV             |
| $\Delta V_{ m ref}$ | Ratio of change in reference voltage  | 3                       | 10 1  | $\Delta V_{KA} = 10 \text{ V} - V_{ref}$      |      | -1.4 | -2.7 | m\/            |
| $\Delta V_{KA}$     | to the change in cathode voltage  | 3                       | $I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}$  | $\Delta V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V} - 10 \text{ V}$ |      | -1   | -2   | <u>mV</u><br>V |
| I <sub>ref</sub>    | Reference current   | 3                       | I <sub>KA</sub> = 10 mA, R1 =   | = 10 kΩ, R2 = ∞                               |      | 2    | 4    | μΑ             |
| II(dev)             | Deviation of reference current<br>over full temperature range<br>(see Figure 1) | 3                       | $I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}, R1 = T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 12^{\circ}$ |   |      | 0.8  | 2.5  | μА             |
| I <sub>min</sub>    | Minimum cathode current for regulation  | 2                       | V <sub>K</sub> A = V <sub>ref</sub>                                     |   |      | 0.4  | 0.7  | mA             |
| l <sub>off</sub>    | Off-state cathode current   | 4                       | $V_{KA} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{ref} =$                                      | = 0   |      | 0.1  | 0.5  | μΑ             |
| z <sub>K</sub> A    | Dynamic impedance (see Figure 1)  | 1                       | $I_{KA} = 1 \text{ mA to } 100$<br>$f \le 1 \text{ kHz}$                | $_{\rm MA, V_{KA}} = V_{\rm ref},$            |      | 0.2  | 0.5  | Ω              |

The deviation parameters,  $V_{ref(dev)}$  and  $I_{ref(dev)}$ , are defined as the differences between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the recommended temperature range. The average full-range temperature coefficient of the reference voltage,  $\alpha_{Vref}$ , is defined as:

$$\left|\alpha_{\text{V}_{\text{ref}}}\right|\left(\frac{\text{ppm}}{^{\circ}\text{C}}\right) = \frac{\left(\frac{\text{V}_{\text{I(dev)}}}{\text{V}_{\text{ref}} \text{ at } 25^{\circ}\text{C}}\right) \times \, 10^{6}}{\Delta T_{\text{A}}}$$



 $\Delta T_A$  is the recommended operating free-air temperature range of the device.

 $\alpha_{V_{ref}}$  can be positive or negative, depending on whether minimum  $V_{ref}$  or maximum  $V_{ref}$ , respectively, occurs at the lower temperature.

Example: maximum  $V_{ref}$  = 2496 mV at 30°C, minimum  $V_{ref}$  = 2492 mV at 0°C,  $V_{ref}$  = 2495 mV at 25°C,  $\Delta T_A = 70^{\circ}C$  for TL431

$$\left|\alpha_{V_{ref}}\right| = \frac{\left(\frac{4 \text{ mV}}{2495 \text{ mV}}\right) \times 10^6}{70^{\circ}\text{C}} \approx \frac{23 \text{ ppm}}{^{\circ}\text{C}}$$

Because minimum V<sub>ref</sub> occurs at the lower temperature, the coefficient is positive.

#### **Calculating Dynamic Impedance**

The dynamic impedance is defined as:  $|z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{KA}}$ 

When the device is operating with two external resistors (see Figure 3), the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is given by:

$$|z'| = \frac{\Delta V}{\Delta I} \approx |z_{KA}| \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

Figure 1. Calculating Deviation Parameters and Dynamic Impedance



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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

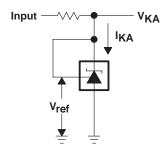


Figure 2. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$ 

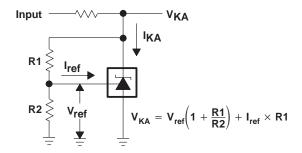


Figure 3. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$ 

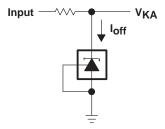


Figure 4. Test Circuit for Ioff

## Table 1. Graphs

|   | FIGURE |
|---|--------|
| Reference voltage vs Free-air temperature   | 5      |
| Reference current vs Free-air temperature   | 6      |
| Cathode current vs Cathode voltage  | 7, 8   |
| OFF-state cathode current vs Free-air temperature                                 | 9      |
| Ratio of delta reference voltage to delta cathode voltage vs Free-air temperature | 10     |
| Equivalent input noise voltage vs Frequency                                       | 11     |
| Equivalent input noise voltage over a 10-s period                                 | 12     |
| Small-signal voltage amplification vs Frequency                                   | 13     |
| Reference impedance vs Frequency  | 14     |
| Pulse response  | 15     |
| Stability boundary conditions   | 16     |

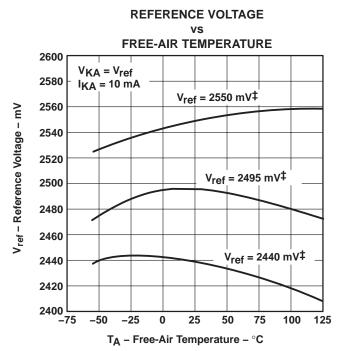
## **Table 2. Application Circuits**

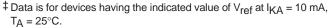
|   | FIGURE |
|---|--------|
| Shunt regulator   | 17     |
| Single-supply comparator with temperature-compensated threshold | 18     |
| Precision high-current series regulator                         | 19     |
| Output control of a three-terminal fixed regulator              | 20     |
| High-current shunt regulator                                    | 21     |
| Crowbar circuit   | 22     |
| Precision 5-V 1.5-A regulator                                   | 23     |
| Efficient 5-V precision regulator                               | 24     |
| PWM converter with reference                                    | 25     |
| Voltage monitor   | 26     |
| Delay timer   | 27     |
| Precision current limiter                                       | 28     |
| Precision constant-current sink                                 | 29     |



REFERENCE CURRENT

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>





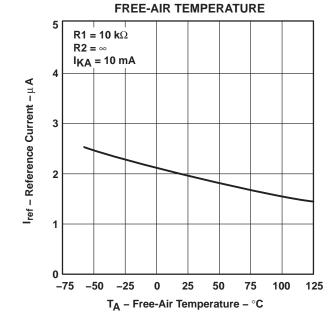
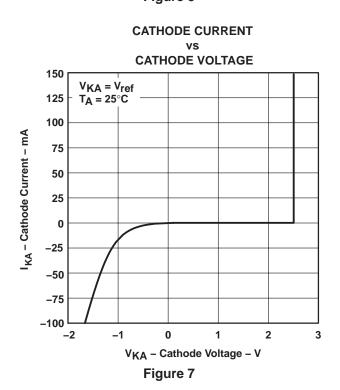
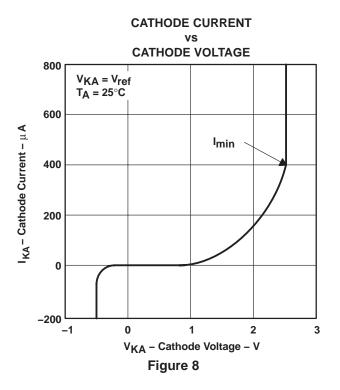


Figure 5 Figure 6





† Data at high and low temperatures is applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

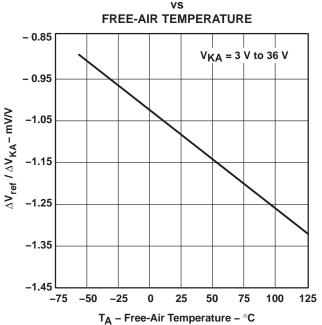


#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>†</sup>

### **OFF-STATE CATHODE CURRENT** FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 2.5 **VKA** = 36 **V** $V_{ref} = 0$ loff - Off-State Cathode Current - μA 2 1.5 1 0.5 -50 25 75 100 -75 -25 0 50 125 T<sub>A</sub> – Free-Air Temperature – °C

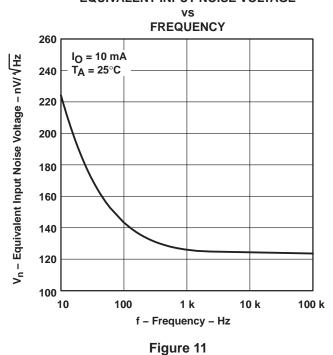
Figure 9

# RATIO OF DELTA REFERENCE VOLTAGE TO DELTA CATHODE VOLTAGE



#### Figure 10

#### **EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE**



† Data at high and low temperatures is applicable only within the recommended operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



#### **EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE OVER A 10-S PERIOD** 6 5 $V_n$ – Equivalent Input Noise Voltage – $\mu V$ 3 2 -2 -3 f = 0.1 to 10 Hz $I_{KA} = 10 \text{ mA}$ -5 T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C -6 0 2 3 5 6 8 9 10

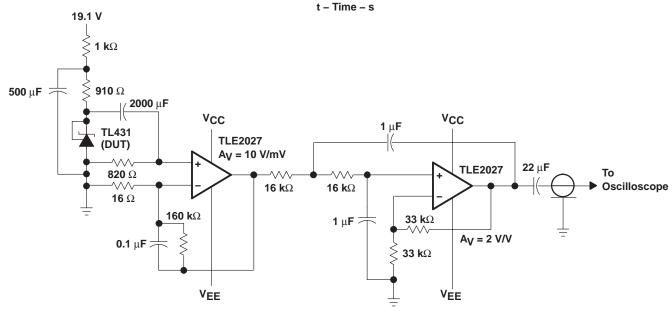
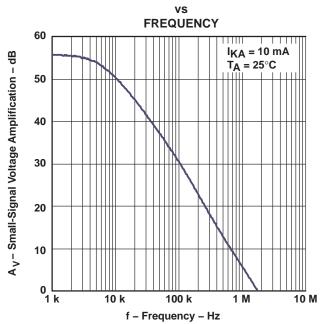


Figure 12. Test Circuit for Equivalent Input Noise Voltage

#### **SMALL-SIGNAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION**



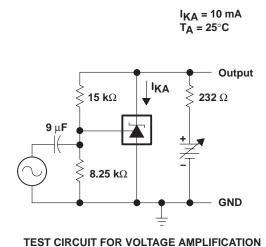
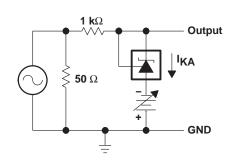


Figure 13

#### REFERENCE IMPEDANCE

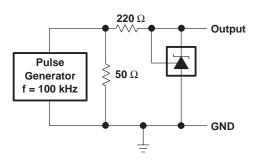


TEST CIRCUIT FOR REFERENCE IMPEDANCE

Figure 14



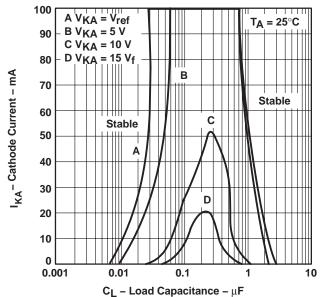
### **PULSE RESPONSE** T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C Input 5 Input and Output Voltage - V 3 Output 2 1 -1 0 1 2 3 5 6 7 $\textbf{t-Time}-\mu\textbf{s}$

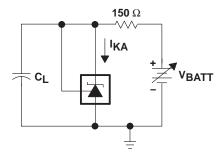


**TEST CIRCUIT FOR PULSE RESPONSE** 

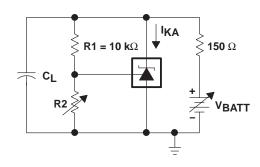
Figure 15

#### STABILITY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS<sup>†</sup> FOR ALL TL431 AND TL431A DEVICES (EXCEPT FOR SOT23-3, SC-70, AND Q-TEMP DEVICES)



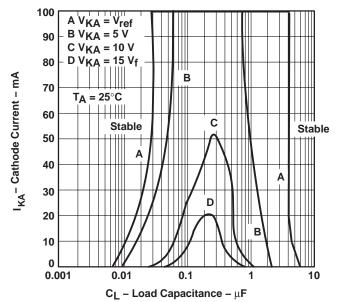


**TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVE A** 



TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVES B, C, AND D

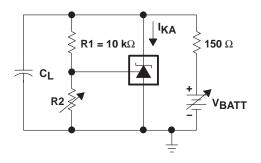
#### STABILITY BOUNDARY CONDITIONS† FOR ALL TL431B, TL432, SOT-23, SC-70, AND Q-TEMP DEVICES



<sup>†</sup> The areas under the curves represent conditions that may cause the device to oscillate. For curves B, C, and D, R2 and V+ were adjusted to establish the initial  $V_{KA}$  and  $I_{KA}$  conditions with  $C_L$  = 0.  $V_{BATT}$  and CL then were adjusted to determine the ranges of stability.

150  $\Omega$ IKA VBATT CL

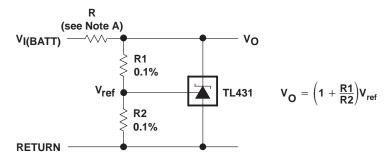
**TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVE A** 



TEST CIRCUIT FOR CURVES B, C, AND D

Figure 16





NOTE A: R should provide cathode current ≥1 mA to the TL431 at minimum V<sub>I(BATT)</sub>.

Figure 17. Shunt Regulator

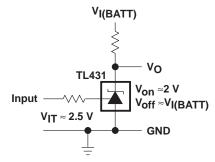
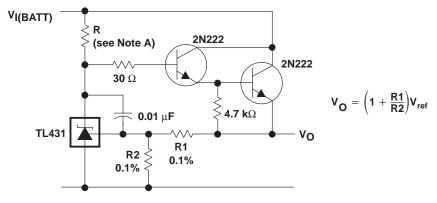


Figure 18. Single-Supply Comparator With Temperature-Compensated Threshold



NOTE A: R should provide cathode current ≥1 mA to the TL431 at minimum V<sub>I(BATT)</sub>.

Figure 19. Precision High-Current Series Regulator

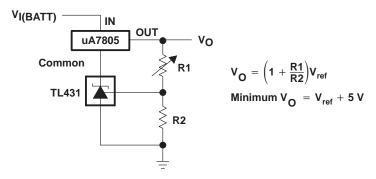


Figure 20. Output Control of a Three-Terminal Fixed Regulator

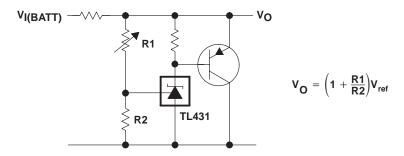
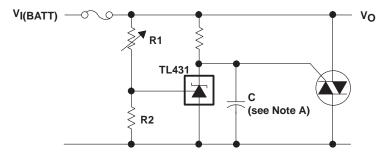


Figure 21. High-Current Shunt Regulator



NOTE A: See the stability boundary conditions in Figure 16 to determine allowable values for C.

Figure 22. Crowbar Circuit

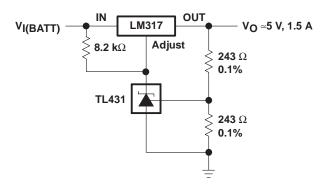
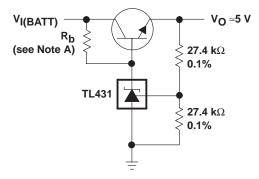


Figure 23. Precision 5-V 1.5-A Regulator



NOTE A:  $R_b$  should provide cathode current  $\geq$ 1 mA to the TL431.

Figure 24. Efficient 5-V Precision Regulator

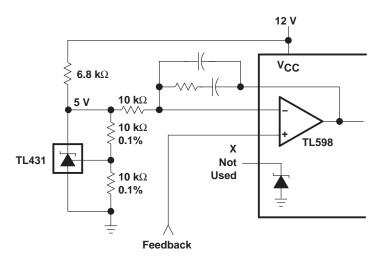
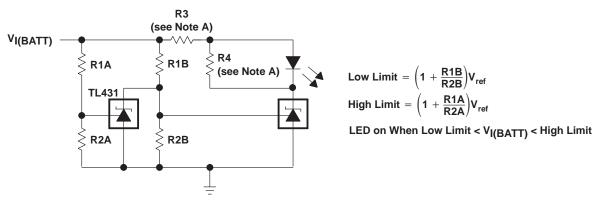


Figure 25. PWM Converter With Reference



NOTE A: R3 and R4 are selected to provide the desired LED intensity and cathode current ≥1 mA to the TL431 at the available V<sub>I(BATT)</sub>.

Figure 26. Voltage Monitor

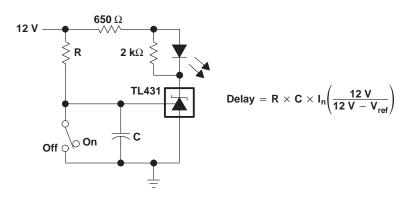


Figure 27. Delay Timer

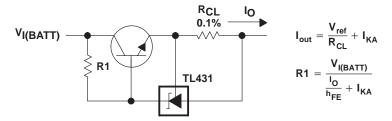


Figure 28. Precision Current Limiter

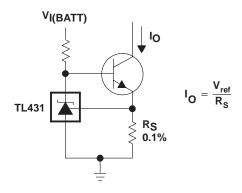


Figure 29. Precision Constant-Current Sink





.com 18-Sep-2008

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins I | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| TL431AQDBVRQ1    | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 5      | 3000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| TL431AQDBZRQ1    | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBZ                | 3      | 3000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |
| TL431BQDBZRQ1    | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBZ                | 3      | 3000           | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM           |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <a href="http://www.ti.com/productcontent">http://www.ti.com/productcontent</a> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TL431A-Q1, TL431B-Q1:

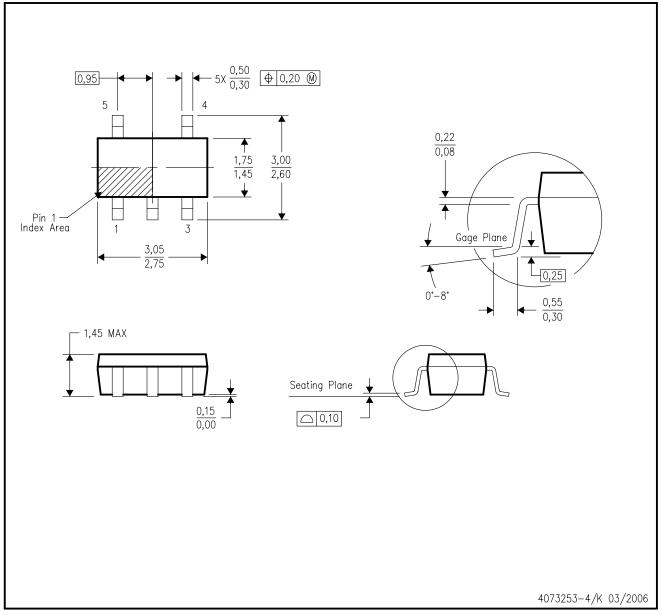
• Catalog: TL431A, TL431B

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

## DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



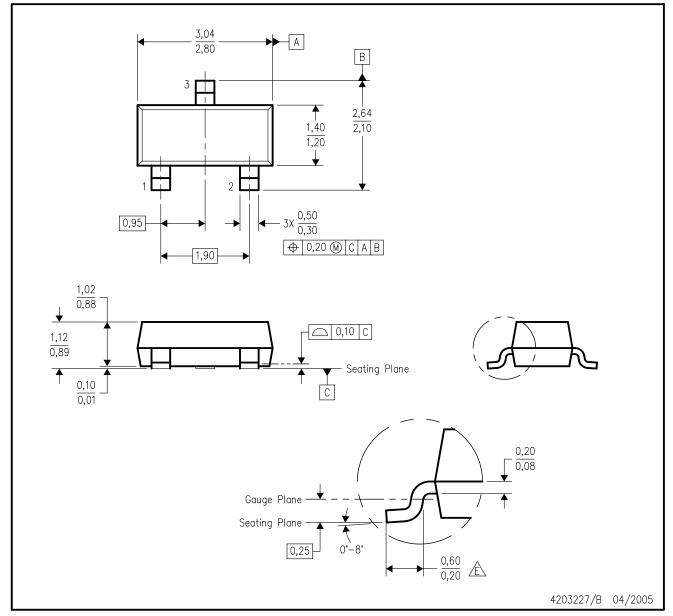
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



## DBZ (R-PDSO-G3)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Lead dimensions are inclusive of plating.
- D. Body dimensions are exclusive of mold flash and protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion not to exceed 0.25 per side.
- Falls within JEDEC TO-236 variation AB, except minimum foot length.



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