



#### **FEATURES**

- 1.25-MHz Sample Rate Serial Device
- 10-Bit Resolution ADS7887
- 8-Bit Resolution ADS7888
- Zero Latency
- 25-MHz Serial Interface
- Supply Range: 2.35 V to 5.25 V
- Typical Power Dissipation at 1.25 MSPS:
  - 3.8 mW at 3-V  $V_{DD}$
  - 8 mw at 5-V  $V_{DD}$
- ±0.35 LSB INL, DNL ADS7887
- ±0.15 LSB INL, ±0.1 LSB DNL ADS7888
- 61dB SINAD, -84 dB THD ADSA7887
- 49.5 dB SINAD, -67.5 dB THD ADS7888
- Unipolar Input Range: 0 V to V<sub>DD</sub>
- Power Down Current: 1 μA
- Wide Input Bandwidth: 15 MHz at 3 dB
- 6-Pin SOT23 and SC70 Packages

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Base Band Converters in Radio Communication
- Motor Current/Bus Voltage Sensors in Digital Drives
- Optical Networking (DWDM, MEMS Based Switching)
- Optical Sensors
- Battery Powered Systems
- Medical Instrumentations
- High-Speed Data Acquisition Systems
- High-Speed Closed-Loop Systems

#### DESCRIPTION

The ADS7887 is a 10-bit, 1.25-MSPS analog-to-digital converter (ADC), and the ADS7888 is a 8-bit, 1.25-MSPS ADC. The devices include a capacitor based SAR A/D converter with inherent sample and hold. The serial interface in each device is controlled by the  $\overline{CS}$  and SCLK signals for glueless connections with microprocessors and DSPs. The input signal is sampled with the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , and SCLK is used for conversion and serial data output.

The devices operate from a wide supply range from 2.35 V to 5.25 V. The low power consumption of the devices make them suitable for battery-powered applications. The devices also include a power saving powerdown feature for when the devices are operated at lower conversion speeds.

The high level of the digital input to the device is not limited to device V<sub>DD</sub>. This means the digital input can go as high as 5.25 V when device supply is 2.35 V. This feature is useful when digital signals are coming from other circuit with different supply levels. Also this relaxes restriction on power up sequencing.

The ADS7887 and ADS7888 are available in 6-pin SOT23 and SC70 packages and are specified for operation from -40°C to 125°C.

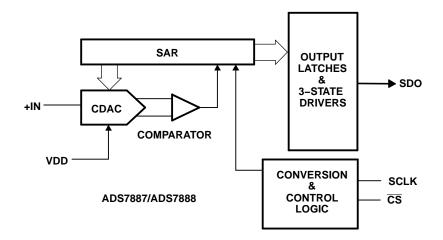
#### Micro-Power Miniature SAR Converter Family

| BIT    | < 300 KSPS  | 300 KSPS - 1.25 MSPS                                    |
|--------|---|---|
| 12-Bit | ADS7866 (1.2 V <sub>DD</sub> to 3.6 V <sub>DD</sub> ) | ADS7886 (2.35 V <sub>DD</sub> to 5.25 V <sub>DD</sub> ) |
| 10-Bit | ADS7867 (1.2 V <sub>DD</sub> to 3.6 V <sub>DD</sub> ) | ADS7887 (2.35 V <sub>DD</sub> to 5.25 V <sub>DD</sub> ) |
| 8-Bit  | ADS7868 (1.2 V <sub>DD</sub> to 3.6 V <sub>DD</sub> ) | ADS7888 (2.35 V <sub>DD</sub> to 5.25 V <sub>DD</sub> ) |



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.









These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| DEVICE  | MAXIMUM<br>INTEGRAL<br>LINEARITY<br>(LSB) | MAXIMUM<br>DIFFEREN-<br>TIAL<br>LINEARITY<br>(LSB) | NO MISSING<br>CODES AT<br>RESOLUTION<br>(BIT) | PACK-<br>AGE<br>TYPE | PACK-<br>AGE<br>DESIG-<br>NATOR | TEMPERATURE<br>RANGE | PACKAGE<br>MARKING | ORDERING<br>INFORMATION | TRANSPORT<br>MEDIA<br>QUANTITY |                   |                    |
|---------|---|--|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
|         |   |  |   | 6-Pin                | DBV                             |                      | BAWQ               | ADS7887SDBVT            | Tape and reel 250              |                   |                    |
| ADS7887 | ±0.75                                     | ±0.5   | 10.5  | +0.5                 | 10                              | SOT23                | DBV                |                         | BAWQ                           | ADS7887SDBVR      | Tape and reel 3000 |
| AD37667 | ±0.75                                     | ±0.5   | 10  | 10                   | 6-Pin DCK                       | 6-Pin                |                    | BNI                     | ADS7887SDCKT                   | Tape and reel 250 |                    |
|         |   |  |   | SC70                 | DCK                             |                      | BNI                | ADS7887SDCKR            | Tape and reel 3000             |                   |                    |
|         |   |  |   | 6-Pin                | DBV                             |                      | BAZQ               | ADS7888SDBVT            | Tape and reel 250              |                   |                    |
| ADS7888 | ±0.3                                      | ±0.3   | 8   | SOT23                | DBV                             | -40°C to 125°C       | BAZQ               | ADS7888SDBVR            | Tape and reel 3000             |                   |                    |
| AD31000 | ±0.3                                      | ±0.3   | O   | 6-Pin                | DCK                             | -40 C to 125°C       | BNH                | ADS7888SDCKT            | Tape and reel 250              |                   |                    |
|         |   |  |   | SC70                 | DCK                             |                      | BNH                | ADS7888SDCKR            | Tape and reel 3000             |                   |                    |

<sup>(1)</sup> For most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**(1)

|   |                      | UNIT                                 |  |  |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| +IN to AGND                               |                      | -0.3 V to +V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3 V    |  |  |
| +V <sub>DD</sub> to AGND                  | -0.3 V to 7.0 V      |                                      |  |  |
| Digital input voltage to GND              |                      | -0.3V to (7.0 V)                     |  |  |
| Digital output to GND                     |                      | -0.3 V to (+V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 V) |  |  |
| Operating temperature range               |                      | -40°C to 125°C                       |  |  |
| Storage temperature range                 |                      | -65°C to 150°C                       |  |  |
| Junction temperature (T <sub>J</sub> Max) |                      | 150°C                                |  |  |
| Power dissipation, SOT23 and SO           | C70 packages         | $(T_J Max-T_A)/\theta_{JA}$          |  |  |
| O Thermalimnedance                        | SOT23                | 295.2°C/W                            |  |  |
| θ <sub>JA</sub> Thermal impedance         | SC70                 | 351.3°C/W                            |  |  |
| Lood tomporature, coldering               | Vapor phase (60 sec) | 215°C                                |  |  |
| Lead temperature, soldering               | Infrared (15 sec)    | 220°C                                |  |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses above those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



## **ADS7887 SPECIFICATIONS**

+V $_{DD}$  = 2.35 V to 5.25 V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to 125°C,  $f_{sample}$  = 1.25 MHz

|                   | PARAMETER                                    | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN                      | TYP   | MAX                   | UNIT   |  |
|-------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-------|-----------------------|--------|--|
| ANALO             | G INPUT                                      |  |                          |       |                       |        |  |
|                   | Full-scale input voltage span <sup>(1)</sup> |  | 0                        |       | $V_{DD}$              | V      |  |
|                   | Absolute input voltage range                 | +IN  | -0.20                    |       | V <sub>DD</sub> +0.20 | V      |  |
| Ci                | Input capacitance (2)                        |  |                          | 21    |                       | pF     |  |
| I <sub>IIkg</sub> | Input leakage current                        | T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C                                     |                          | 40    |                       | nA     |  |
| SYSTEM            | M PERFORMANCE                                |  |                          |       |                       |        |  |
|                   | Resolution                                   |  |                          | 10    |                       | Bits   |  |
|                   | No missing codes                             |  | 10                       |       |                       | Bits   |  |
| INL               | Integral nonlinearity                        |  | -0.75                    | ±0.35 | 0.75                  | LSB(3) |  |
| DNL               | Differential nonlinearity                    |  | -0.5                     | ±0.35 | 0.5                   | LSB    |  |
| Eo                | Offset error <sup>(4)(5)(6)</sup>            |  | -1.5                     | ±0.5  | 1.5                   | LSB    |  |
| E <sub>G</sub>    | Gain error <sup>(5)</sup>                    |  | -1                       | ±0.5  | 1                     | LSB    |  |
| SAMPL             | ING DYNAMICS                                 |  | *                        |       | <u>'</u>              |        |  |
|                   | Conversion time                              | 25-MHz SCLK  | 530                      | 560   |                       | ns     |  |
|                   | Acquisition time                             |  | 260                      |       |                       | ns     |  |
|                   | Maximum throughput rate                      | 25-MHz SCLK  |                          |       | 1.25                  | MHz    |  |
|                   | Aperture delay                               |  |                          | 5     |                       | ns     |  |
|                   | Step Response                                |  |                          | 160   |                       | ns     |  |
|                   | Overvoltage recovery                         |  |                          | 160   |                       | ns     |  |
| DYNAM             | IC CHARACTERISTICS                           |  | '                        |       | •                     |        |  |
| THD               | Total harmonic distortion <sup>(7)</sup>     | 100 kHz  |                          | -84   | -72                   | dB     |  |
| SINAD             | Signal-to-noise and distortion               | 100 kHz  | 60.5                     | 61    |                       | dB     |  |
| SFDR              | Spurious free dynamic range                  | 100 kHz  | 73                       | 81    |                       | dB     |  |
|                   | Full power bandwidth                         | At -3 dB   |                          | 15    |                       | MHz    |  |
| DIGITAI           | L INPUT/OUTPUT                               |  | "                        |       |                       |        |  |
| Logic fa          | mily — CMOS                                  |  |                          |       |                       |        |  |
| V <sub>IH</sub>   | High-level input voltage                     | VDD = 2.35 V to 5.25 V                                     | V <sub>DD</sub> -<br>0.4 |       | 5.25                  | V      |  |
|                   |  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V                                      |                          |       | 0.8                   |        |  |
| $V_{IL}$          | Low-level input voltage                      | $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$                                     |                          |       | 0.4                   | V      |  |
| V <sub>OH</sub>   | High-level output voltage                    | At I <sub>source</sub> = 200 μA                            | V <sub>DD</sub> -0.2     |       |                       | .,     |  |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | Low-level output voltage                     | At I <sub>sink</sub> = 200 μA                              |                          |       | 0.4                   | V      |  |
|                   | SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS                          |  |                          |       |                       |        |  |
| +V <sub>DD</sub>  | Supply voltage                               |  | 2.35                     | 3.3   | 5.25                  | V      |  |
|                   |  | At V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35 V to 5.25 V, 1.25-MHz throughput |                          |       | 2                     |        |  |
|                   | Supply current (normal mode)                 | At $V_{DD}$ = 2.35 V to 5.25 V, static state               |                          |       | 1.5                   | mA     |  |
|                   |  | SCLK off   |                          |       | 1                     |        |  |
|                   | Power down state supply current              | SCLK on (25 MHz)   |                          |       | 200                   | μA     |  |
|                   | Power dissipation at 1.25 MHz                | ., -,,   |                          | 8     | 10                    | )      |  |
|                   | throughput                                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V                                      |                          | 3.8   | 6                     | mW     |  |

- (1) Ideal input span; does not include gain or offset error.(2) Refer Figure 36 for details on sampling circuit
- LSB means least significant bit
- (4) Measured relative to an ideal full-scale input
  (5) Offset error and gain error ensured by characterization.
- First transition of 000H to 001H at 0.5  $\times$  (V<sub>ref</sub>/2<sup>10</sup>) Calculated on the first nine harmonics of the input frequency (6) (7)



## **ADS7887 SPECIFICATIONS (continued)**

+V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.35 V to 5.25 V,  $T_A = -40^{\circ} C$  to 125°C,  $f_{sample} = 1.25$  MHz

| PARAMETER                          | TEST CONDITIONS       | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Power dissipation in static state  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V |     | 5.5 | 7.5 | mW    |
| rower dissipation in static state  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V |     | 3   | 4.5 | IIIVV |
| Power down time                    |                       |     |     | 0.1 | μs    |
| Power up time                      |                       |     |     | 0.8 | μs    |
| Invalid conversions after power up |                       |     |     | 1   |       |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE                  |                       |     |     |     |       |
| Specified performance              |                       | -40 |     | 125 | °C    |



## **ADS7888 SPECIFICATIONS**

+V $_{DD}$  = 2.35 V to 5.25 V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to 125°C,  $f_{sample}$  = 1.25 MHz

|                   | PARAMETER                                | TEST CONDITIONS  | MIN                  | TYP   | MAX                   | UNIT   |
|-------------------|--|--|----------------------|-------|-----------------------|--------|
| ANALO             | G INPUT                                  |  |                      |       |                       |        |
|                   | Full-scale input voltage span (1)        |  | 0                    |       | $V_{DD}$              | V      |
|                   | Absolute input voltage range             | +IN  | -0.20                |       | V <sub>DD</sub> +0.20 | V      |
| Ci                | Input capacitance (2)                    |  |                      | 21    |                       | pF     |
| I <sub>IIkg</sub> | Input leakage current                    | T <sub>A</sub> = 125°C                                     |                      | 40    |                       | nA     |
| SYSTE             | M PERFORMANCE                            |  |                      |       |                       |        |
|                   | Resolution                               |  |                      | 8     |                       | Bits   |
|                   | No missing codes                         |  | 8                    |       |                       | Bits   |
| INL               | Integral nonlinearity                    |  | -0.3                 | ±0.15 | 0.3                   | LSB(3) |
| DNL               | Differential nonlinearity                |  | -0.3                 | ±0.1  | 0.3                   | LSB    |
| Eo                | Offset error <sup>(4)(5)(6)</sup>        |  | -0.5                 | ±0.15 | 0.5                   | LSB    |
| $E_G$             | Gain error <sup>(5)</sup>                |  | -0.5                 | ±0.15 | 0.5                   | LSB    |
| SAMPL             | ING DYNAMICS                             | ,  |                      |       |                       |        |
|                   | Conversion time                          | 25-MHz SCLK  | 450                  | 480   |                       | ns     |
|                   | Acquisition time                         | 1.5 MSPS mode, Figure 3                                    | 206                  |       |                       | ns     |
|                   | Maximum throughput rate                  | 25-MHz SCLK  |                      |       | 1.25                  | MHz    |
|                   | Aperture delay                           |  |                      | 5     |                       | ns     |
|                   | Step Response                            |  |                      | 160   |                       | ns     |
|                   | Overvoltage recovery                     |  |                      | 160   |                       | ns     |
| DYNAM             | IIC CHARACTERISTICS                      | (  |                      |       |                       |        |
| THD               | Total harmonic distortion <sup>(7)</sup> | 100 kHz  |                      | -67.5 | -65                   | dB     |
| SINAD             | Signal-to-noise and distortion           | 100 kHz  | 49                   | 49.5  |                       | dB     |
| SFDR              | Spurious free dynamic range              | 100 kHz  | 65                   | 77    |                       | dB     |
|                   | Full power bandwidth                     | At -3 dB   |                      | 15    |                       | MHz    |
| DIGITA            | L INPUT/OUTPUT                           | (  |                      |       |                       |        |
| Logic fa          | ımily — CMOS                             |  |                      |       |                       |        |
| V <sub>IH</sub>   | High-level input voltage                 | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35 V to 5.25 V                         | V <sub>DD</sub> -0.4 |       | 5.25                  | V      |
|                   |  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V                                      |                      |       | 0.8                   |        |
| $V_{IL}$          | Low-level input voltage                  | $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$                                     |                      |       | 0.4                   | V      |
| V <sub>OH</sub>   | High-level output voltage                | At I <sub>source</sub> = 200 μA                            | V <sub>DD</sub> -0.2 |       |                       |        |
| V <sub>OL</sub>   | Low-level output voltage                 | At I <sub>sink</sub> = 200 μA                              |                      |       | 0.4                   | V      |
|                   | R SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS                    |  |                      |       |                       |        |
| +V <sub>DD</sub>  | Supply voltage                           |  | 2.35                 | 3.3   | 5.25                  | V      |
|                   | Supply current (normal mode)             | At V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35 V to 5.25 V, 1.25-MHz throughput |                      |       | 2                     | mA     |
|                   | ., ,                                     | At V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.35 V to 5.25 V, static state        |                      |       | 1.5                   |        |
|                   |  | SCLK off   |                      |       | 1                     |        |
|                   | Power down state supply current          | SCLK on (25 MHz)   |                      |       | 200                   | μA     |
|                   | Power dissipation at 1.25 MHz            | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V                                      |                      | 8     | 10                    |        |
|                   | throughput                               | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V                                      |                      | 3.8   | 6                     | mW     |

- (1) Ideal input span; does not include gain or offset error.(2) Refer Figure 36 for details on sampling circuit
- LSB means least significant bit
- (4) Measured relative to an ideal full-scale input
  (5) Offset error and gain error ensured by characterization.
- First transition of 000H to 001H at  $(V_{\rm ref}/2^8)$ Calculated on the first nine harmonics of the input frequency (6) (7)



## **ADS7888 SPECIFICATIONS (continued)**

 $+V_{DD}$  = 2.35 V to 5.25 V,  $T_A$  =  $-40^{\circ}C$  to 125 $^{\circ}C$ ,  $f_{sample}$  = 1.25 MHz

| PARAMETER                          | TEST CONDITIONS       | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT  |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Power dissipation in static state  | $V_{DD} = 5 V$        |     | 5.5 | 7.5 | mW    |
| Power dissipation in static state  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V |     | 3   | 4.5 | IIIVV |
| Power down time                    |                       |     |     | 0.1 | μs    |
| Power up time                      |                       |     |     | 0.8 | μs    |
| Invalid conversions after power up |                       |     |     | 1   |       |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE                  |                       |     |     |     |       |
| Specified performance              |                       | -40 |     | 125 | °C    |

## TIMING REQUIREMENTS (see Figure 1)

All specifications typical at  $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C,  $V_{DD} = 2.35$  V to 5.25 V, unless otherwise specified.

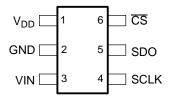
|                   | PARAMETER   |                     | TEST CONDITIONS <sup>(1)</sup> | MIN                   | TYP | MAX                    | UNIT  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
|                   |   | 4 D O 7 0 0 7       | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          |                       |     | $14 \times t_{SCLK}$   |       |  |  |  |
|                   | 0   | ADS7887             | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          |                       |     | 14 × t <sub>SCLK</sub> |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>conv</sub> | Conversion time   | ADC7000             | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          |                       |     | 12 × t <sub>SCLK</sub> | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   |   | ADS7888             | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V           |                       |     | 12 × t <sub>SCLK</sub> |       |  |  |  |
|                   | Minimum quiet time needed from be   | us 3-state to start | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          | 40                    |     |                        |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>q</sub>    | of next conversion  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | 40                    |     |                        | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Delay time OC lay to first data (0)   |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          |                       | 15  | 25                     |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>d1</sub>   | Delay time, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low to first data (0)  | out                 | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          |                       | 13  | 25                     | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | 0.01.00 (1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1.00 0.0 |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          | 10                    |     |                        |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>su1</sub>  | Setup time, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low to SCLK low  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | 10                    |     |                        | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Delevities a COLK fellier to CDO  |                     | $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}$         |                       | 15  | 25                     |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>d2</sub>   | Delay time, SCLK falling to SDO   |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          |                       | 13  | 25                     | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | I lold time CCL I/ falling to data vali   | 4(2)                | V <sub>DD</sub> < 3 V          | 7                     |     |                        | 20    |  |  |  |
| t <sub>h1</sub>   | Hold time, SCLK falling to data valid   | 3(2)                | V <sub>DD</sub> > 5 V          | 5.5                   |     |                        | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Delay time 40th COLK falling adva   | ta CDO 2 atata      | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          |                       | 10  | 25                     |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>d3</sub>   | Delay time, 16th SCLK falling edge  | to SDO 3-state      | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          |                       | 8   | 20                     | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Dulas direction OC  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          | 25                    | 40  |                        |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>w1</sub>   | Pulse duration, CS  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | 25                    | 40  |                        | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Delay time CO high to COO 2 state   | Fig. 2              | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          |                       | 17  | 30                     |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>d4</sub>   | Delay time, CS high to SDO 3-state  | e, Figure 3         | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          |                       | 15  | 25                     | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Dulas direction CCLIV high  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          | $0.4 \times t_{SCLK}$ |     |                        |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>wH</sub>   | Pulse duration, SCLK high   |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | $0.4 \times t_{SCLK}$ |     |                        | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Dulas duration CCLK law   |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          | $0.4 \times t_{SCLK}$ |     |                        | 20    |  |  |  |
| t <sub>wL</sub>   | Pulse duration, SCLK low  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | $0.4 \times t_{SCLK}$ |     |                        | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Fraguency CCLV  |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          |                       |     | 25                     | MHz   |  |  |  |
|                   | Frequency, SCLK   |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          |                       |     | 25                     | IVITZ |  |  |  |
|                   | Delay time, second falling edge of  |                     | $V_{DD} = 3 V$                 | -2                    |     | 5                      |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>d5</sub>   | enter in powerdown (use min spec enter in powerdown) Figure 4   | not to accidently   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | -2                    |     | 5                      | ns    |  |  |  |
|                   | Delay time, CS and 10th falling edg   |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3 V          | 2                     |     | -5                     |       |  |  |  |
| t <sub>d6</sub>   | enter in powerdown (use max spec enter in powerdown) Figure 4   | not to accidently   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 5 V          | 2                     |     | -5                     | ns    |  |  |  |

<sup>(1) 3-</sup>V Specifications apply from 2.35 V to 3.6 V, and 5-V specifications apply from 4.75 V to 5.25 V.
(2) With 50-pf load.



#### **DEVICE INFORMATION**

#### SOT23/SC70 PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### **TERMINAL FUNCTIONS**

| TERI     | TERMINAL |     | DESCRIPTION  |
|----------|----------|-----|--|
| NAME     | NO.      | I/O | DESCRIPTION  |
| $V_{DD}$ | 1        | -   | Power supply input also acts like a reference voltage to ADC.                                  |
| GND      | 2        | -   | Ground for power supply, all analog and digital signals are referred with respect to this pin. |
| VIN      | 3        | I   | Analog signal input  |
| SCLK     | 4        | I   | Serial clock   |
| SDO      | 5        | 0   | Serial data out  |
| CS       | 6        | I   | Chip select signal, active low   |

#### **ADS7887 NORMAL OPERATION**

The cycle begins with the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ . This point is indicated as **a** in Figure 1. With the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , the input signal is sampled and the conversion process is initiated. The device outputs data while the conversion is in progress. The data word contains 4 leading zeros, followed by 10-bit data in MSB first format and padded by 2 lagging zeros.

The falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$  clocks out the first zero, and a zero is clocked out on every falling edge of the clock until the third edge. Data is in MSB first format with the MSB being clocked out on the 4th falling edge. Data is padded with two lagging zeros as shown in Figure 1. On the 16th falling edge of SCLK, SDO goes to the 3-state condition. The conversion ends on the 14th falling edge of SCLK. The device enters the acquisition phase on the first rising edge of SCLK after the 13th falling edge. This point is indicated by **b** in Figure 1.

 $\overline{\text{CS}}$  can be asserted (pulled high) after 16 clocks have elapsed. It is necessary not to start the next conversion by pulling  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low until the end of the quiet time (t<sub>q</sub>) after SDO goes to 3-state. To continue normal operation, it is necessary that  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is not pulled high until point **b**. Without this, the device does not enter the acquisition phase and no valid data is available in the next cycle. (Also refer to power down mode for more details.)  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  going high any time after the conversion start aborts the ongoing conversion and SDO goes to 3-state.

The high level of the digital input to the device is not limited to device  $V_{DD}$ . This means the digital input can go as high as 5.25 V when the device supply is 2.35 V. This feature is useful when digital signals are coming from another circuit with different supply levels. Also, this relaxes the restriction on power up sequencing. However, the digital output levels ( $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$ ) are governed by  $V_{DD}$  as listed in the SPECIFICATIONS table.

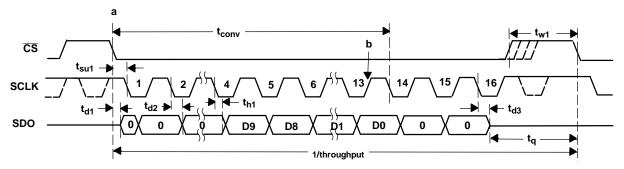


Figure 1. ADS7887 Interface Timing Diagram



#### **ADS7888 NORMAL OPERATION**

The cycle begins with the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ . This point is indicated as **a** in Figure 2. With the falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , the input signal is sampled and the conversion process is initiated. The device outputs data while the conversion is in progress. The data word contains 4 leading zeros, followed by 8-bit data in MSB first format and padded by 4 lagging zeros.

The falling edge of  $\overline{CS}$  clocks out the first zero, and a zero is clocked out on every falling edge of the clock until the third edge. Data is in MSB first format with the MSB being clocked out on the 4th falling edge. Data is padded with four lagging zeros as shown in Figure 2. On the 16th falling edge of SCLK, SDO goes to the 3-state condition. The conversion ends on the 12th falling edge of SCLK. The device enters the acquisition phase on the first rising edge of SCLK after the 11th falling edge. This point is indicated by **b** in Figure 2.

 $\overline{\text{CS}}$  can be asserted (pulled high) after 16 clocks have elapsed. It is necessary not to start the next conversion by pulling  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low until the end of the quiet time (t<sub>q</sub>) after SDO goes to 3-state. To continue normal operation, it is necessary that  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is not pulled high until point **b**. Without this, the device does not enter the acquisition phase and no valid data is available in the next cycle. (Also refer to power down mode for more details.)  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  going high any time after the conversion start aborts the ongoing conversion and SDO goes to 3-state.

The high level of the digital input to the device is not limited to device  $V_{DD}$ . This means the digital input can go as high as 5.25 V when the device supply is 2.35 V. This feature is useful when digital signals are coming from another circuit with different supply levels. Also, this relaxes the restriction on power up sequencing. However, the digital output levels ( $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OI}$ ) are governed by  $V_{DD}$  as listed in the SPECIFICATIONS section.

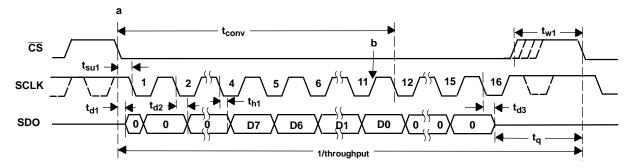


Figure 2. ADS7888 Interface Timing Diagram

As shown in Figure 3, the ADS7888 can achieve 1.5-MSPS throughput.  $\overline{CS}$  can be pulled high after the 12th falling edge (with a 25-MHz SCLK). SDO goes to 3-state after the LSB (as  $\overline{CS}$  is high).  $\overline{CS}$  can be pulled low at the end of the quiet time ( $t_{\sigma}$ ) after SDO goes to 3-state.

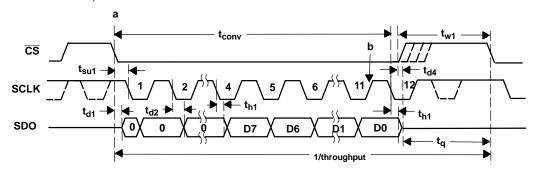


Figure 3. ADS7888 Interface Timing Diagram, Data Transfer with 12-Clock Frame

#### **POWER DOWN MODE**

The device enters power down mode if  $\overline{CS}$  goes high anytime after the 2nd SCLK falling edge to before the 10th SCLK falling edge. Ongoing conversion stops and SDO goes to 3-state under this power down condition as shown in Figure 4.



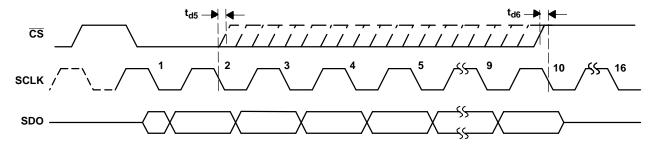


Figure 4. Entering Power Down Mode

A dummy cycle with  $\overline{CS}$  low for more than 10 SCLK falling edges brings the device out of power down mode. For the device to come to the fully powered up condition it takes 0.8  $\mu$ s.  $\overline{CS}$  can be pulled high any time after the 10th falling edge as shown in Figure 5. It is not necessary to continue until the 16th clock if the next conversion starts 0.8  $\mu$ s after  $\overline{CS}$  going low of the dummy cycle and the quiet time ( $t_0$ ) condition is met.

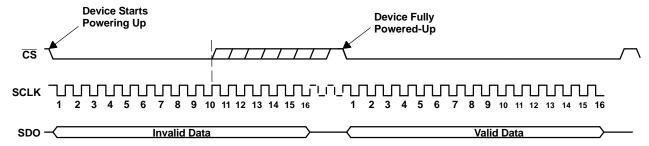
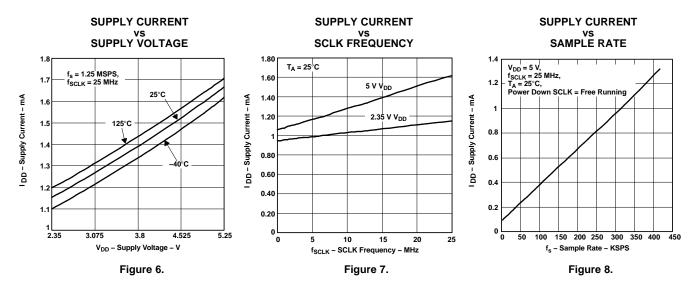


Figure 5. Exiting Power Down Mode



## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7887, ADS7888**



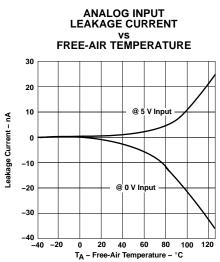
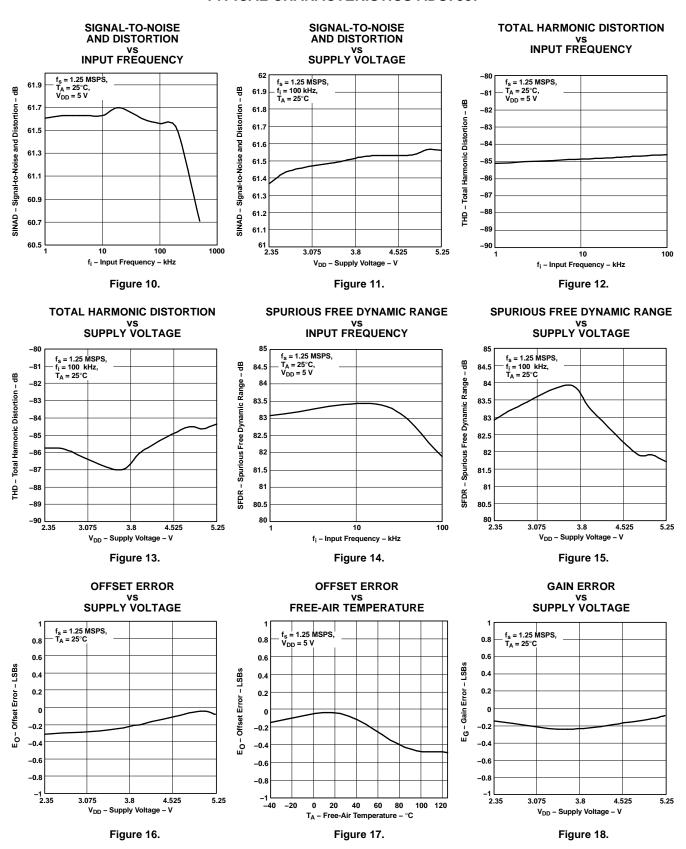


Figure 9.



## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7887**





## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7887 (continued)**



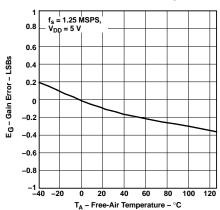
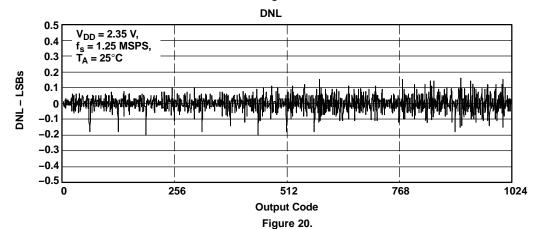
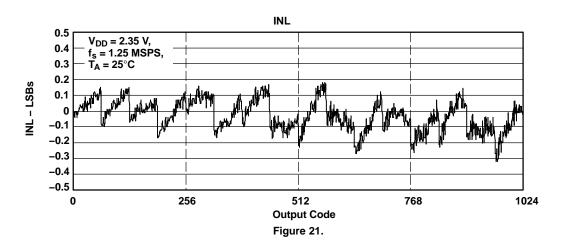


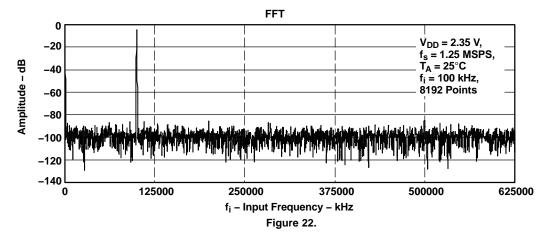
Figure 19.





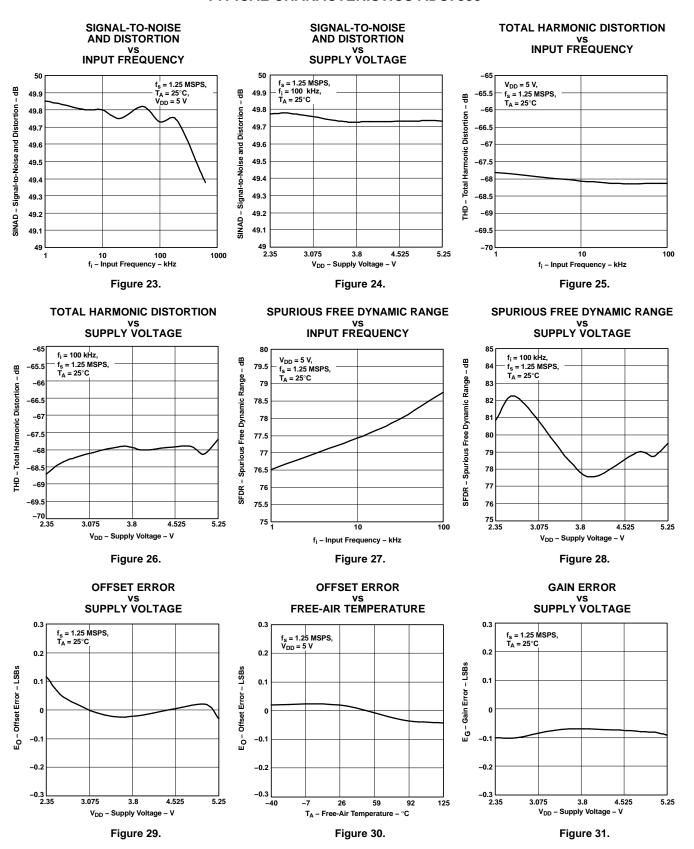


## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7887 (continued)**





#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7888**





## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7888 (continued)**

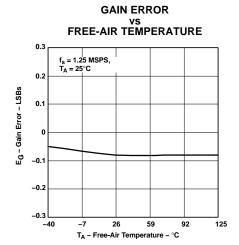
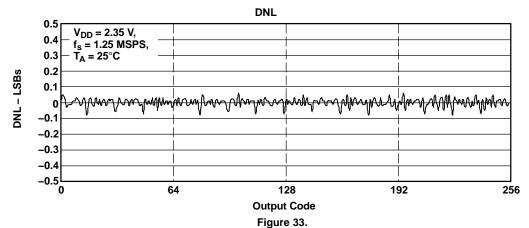
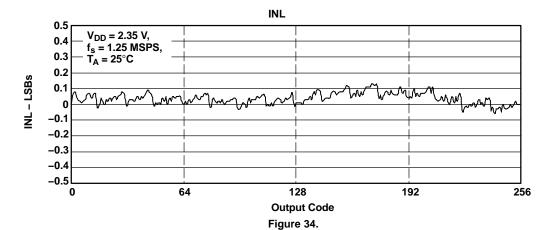


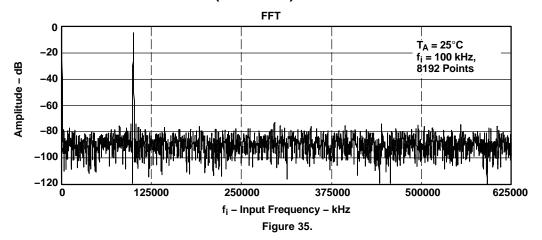
Figure 32.







## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ADS7888 (continued)**





#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

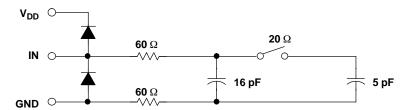


Figure 36. Typical Equivalent Sampling Circuit

#### Driving the VIN and V<sub>DD</sub> Pins of the ADS7887 and ADS7888

The VIN input to the ADS7887 and ADS7888 should be driven with a low impedance source. In most cases additional buffers are not required. In cases where the source impedance exceeds  $200~\Omega$ , using a buffer would help achieve the rated performance of the converter. The THS4031 is a good choice for the driver amplifier buffer.

The reference voltage for the ADS7887 and ADS7888 A/D converters are derived from the supply voltage internally. The devices offer limited low-pass filtering functionality on-chip. The supply to these converters should be driven with a low impedance source and should be decoupled to the ground. A 1-µF storage capacitor and a 10-nF decoupling capacitor should be placed close to the device. Wide, low impedance traces should be used to connect the capacitor to the pins of the device. The ADS7887 and ADS7888 draw very little current from the supply lines. The supply line can be driven by either:

- Directly from the system supply.
- A reference output from a low drift and low drop out reference voltage generator like REF3030 or REF3130.
  The ADS7887 and ADS7888 can operate off a wide range of supply voltages. The actual choice of the reference voltage generator would depend upon the system. Figure 38 shows one possible application circuit.
- A low-pass filtered version of the system supply followed by a buffer like the zero-drift OPA735 can also be
  used in cases where the system power supply is noisy. Care should be taken to ensure that the voltage at
  the V<sub>DD</sub> input does not exceed 7 V (especially during power up) to avoid damage to the converter. This can
  be done easily using single supply CMOS amplifiers like the OPA735. Figure 39 shows one possible
  application circuit.

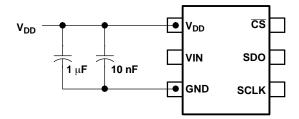


Figure 37. Supply/Reference Decoupling Capacitors

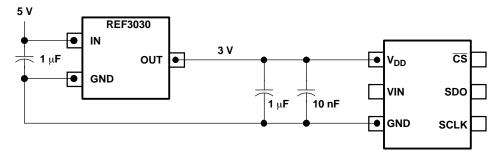


Figure 38. Using the REF3030 Reference



## **APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)**

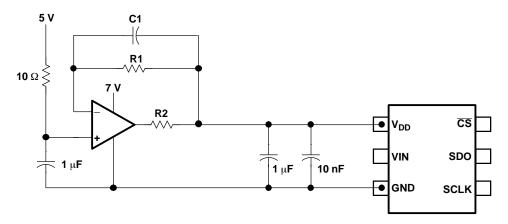


Figure 39. Buffering with the OPA735





1-Dec-2008

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status <sup>(1)</sup> | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup> | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup> |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| ADS7887SDBVR     | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 6    | 3000           | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7887SDBVT     | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 6    | 250            | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7887SDBVTG4   | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 6    |                | TBD                       | Call TI          | Call TI                      |
| ADS7887SDCKR     | ACTIVE                | SC70            | DCK                | 6    | 3000           | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7887SDCKT     | ACTIVE                | SC70            | DCK                | 6    | 250            | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7887SDCKTG4   | ACTIVE                | SC70            | DCK                | 6    |                | TBD                       | Call TI          | Call TI                      |
| ADS7888SDBVR     | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 6    | 3000           | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7888SDBVT     | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 6    | 250            | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7888SDBVTG4   | ACTIVE                | SOT-23          | DBV                | 6    |                | TBD                       | Call TI          | Call TI                      |
| ADS7888SDCKR     | ACTIVE                | SC70            | DCK                | 6    | 3000           | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7888SDCKT     | ACTIVE                | SC70            | DCK                | 6    | 250            | Pb-Free (RoHS<br>Exempt)  | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR          |
| ADS7888SDCKTG4   | ACTIVE                | SC70            | DCK                | 6    |                | TBD                       | Call TI          | Call TI                      |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.





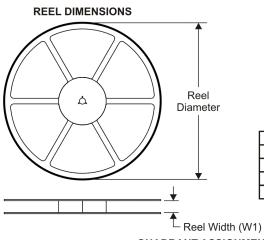
1-Dec-2008





ti.com 4-Feb-2009

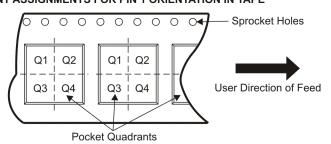
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



# TAPE DIMENSIONS + K0 - P1 - B0 W Cavity - A0 -

|   |    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|---|----|---|
|   |    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
|   |    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
|   | W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| Г | P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

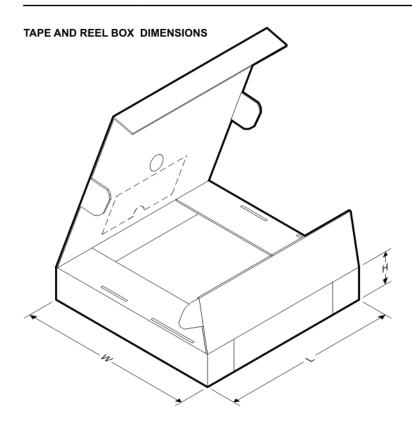
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device       |        | Package<br>Drawing |   | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|--------------|--------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| ADS7887SDBVR | SOT-23 | DBV                | 6 | 3000 | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 3.2     | 3.1     | 1.39    | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7887SDBVT | SOT-23 | DBV                | 6 | 250  | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 3.2     | 3.1     | 1.39    | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7887SDCKR | SC70   | DCK                | 6 | 3000 | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 2.3     | 2.52    | 1.2     | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7887SDCKT | SC70   | DCK                | 6 | 250  | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 2.3     | 2.52    | 1.2     | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7888SDBVR | SOT-23 | DBV                | 6 | 3000 | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 3.2     | 3.1     | 1.39    | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7888SDBVT | SOT-23 | DBV                | 6 | 250  | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 3.2     | 3.1     | 1.39    | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7888SDCKR | SC70   | DCK                | 6 | 3000 | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 2.3     | 2.52    | 1.2     | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| ADS7888SDCKT | SC70   | DCK                | 6 | 250  | 177.8                    | 9.7                      | 2.3     | 2.52    | 1.2     | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |



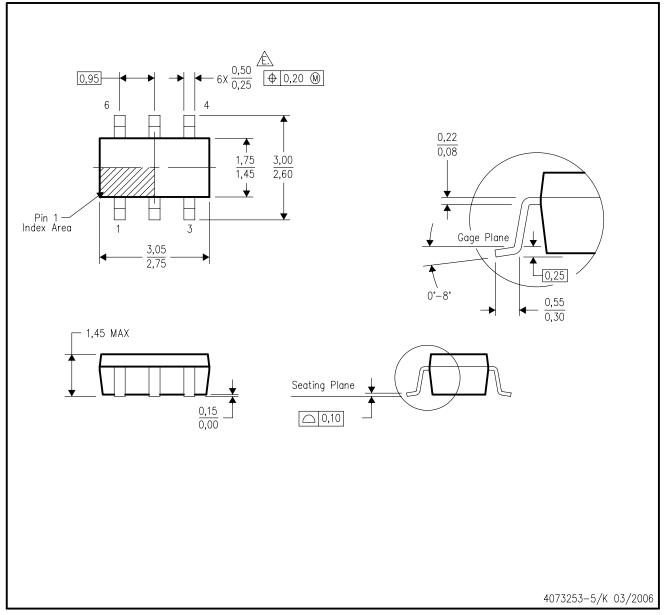


\*All dimensions are nominal

| 7 til dilliciololio die Hominai |              |                 |      |      |             |            |             |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| Device                          | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| ADS7887SDBVR                    | SOT-23       | DBV             | 6    | 3000 | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7887SDBVT                    | SOT-23       | DBV             | 6    | 250  | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7887SDCKR                    | SC70         | DCK             | 6    | 3000 | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7887SDCKT                    | SC70         | DCK             | 6    | 250  | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7888SDBVR                    | SOT-23       | DBV             | 6    | 3000 | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7888SDBVT                    | SOT-23       | DBV             | 6    | 250  | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7888SDCKR                    | SC70         | DCK             | 6    | 3000 | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |
| ADS7888SDCKT                    | SC70         | DCK             | 6    | 250  | 184.0       | 184.0      | 50.0        |

# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



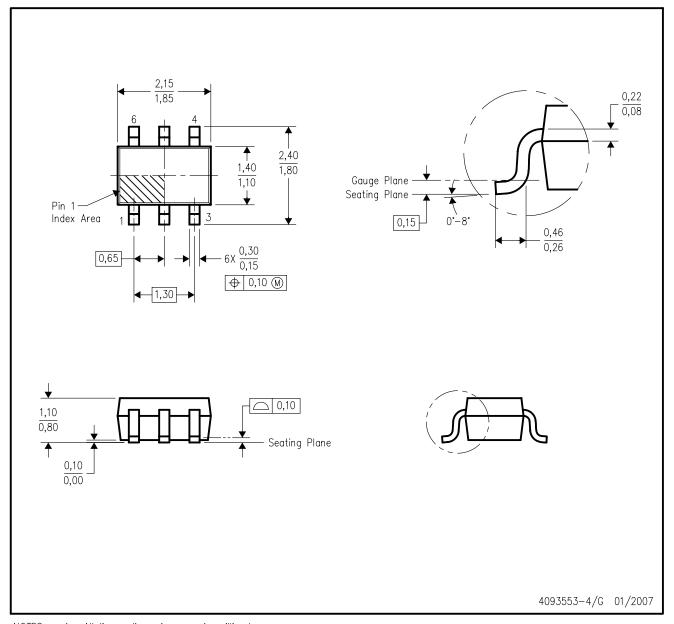
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



# DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

**Applications Products Amplifiers** amplifier.ti.com Audio www.ti.com/audio Data Converters Automotive www.ti.com/automotive dataconverter.ti.com **DLP® Products** Broadband www.dlp.com www.ti.com/broadband DSP Digital Control dsp.ti.com www.ti.com/digitalcontrol Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Medical www.ti.com/medical Military Interface www.ti.com/military interface.ti.com Optical Networking Logic logic.ti.com www.ti.com/opticalnetwork Power Mgmt power.ti.com Security www.ti.com/security Telephony Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com www.ti.com/telephony Video & Imaging www.ti-rfid.com www.ti.com/video RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions www.ti.com/lprf Wireless www.ti.com/wireless

> Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2009, Texas Instruments Incorporated