

IRFB4321PbF

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

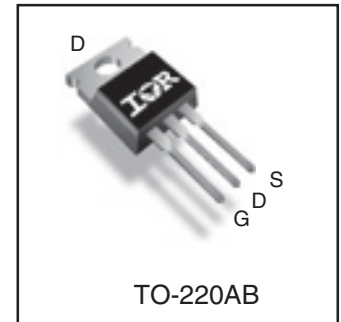
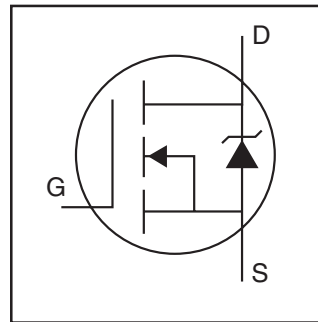
Applications

- Motion Control Applications
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

Benefits

- Low $R_{DS(on)}$ Reduces Losses
- Low Gate Charge Improves the Switching Performance
- Improved Diode Recovery Improves Switching & EMI Performance
- 30V Gate Voltage Rating Improves Robustness
- Fully Characterized Avalanche SOA

V_{DSS}	150V
$R_{DS(on)}$ typ. max.	12mΩ
	15mΩ
I_D	83A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	83 ①	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	59	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ②	330	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Maximum Power Dissipation	330	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.2	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③	120	mJ
T_J	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 175	
T_{STG}			
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	300	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑤	—	0.45	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑤	—	62	

Static @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

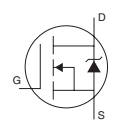
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V _{(BR)DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	150	—	—	V	V _{GS} = 0V, I _D = 250μA
ΔV _{(BR)DSS/ΔT_J}	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	150	—	mV/°C	Reference to 25°C, I _D = 1mA ^②
R _{DS(on)}	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	12	15	mΩ	V _{GS} = 10V, I _D = 33A ^④
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.0	V	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = 250μA
I _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	V _{DS} = 150V, V _{GS} = 0V
		—	—	1.0	mA	V _{DS} = 150V, V _{GS} = 0V, T _J = 125°C
I _{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	V _{GS} = 20V
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	V _{GS} = -20V
R _{G(int)}	Internal Gate Resistance	—	0.8	—	Ω	

Dynamic @ T_J = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
g _{fs}	Forward Transconductance	130	—	—	S	V _{DS} = 25V, I _D = 50A
Q _g	Total Gate Charge	—	71	110	nC	I _D = 50A
Q _{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	24	—	nC	V _{DS} = 75V
Q _{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	21	—	nC	V _{GS} = 10V ^④
t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time	—	18	—	ns	V _{DD} = 75V
t _r	Rise Time	—	60	—	ns	I _D = 50A
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	25	—	ns	R _G = 2.5Ω
t _f	Fall Time	—	35	—	ns	V _{GS} = 10V ^④
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4460	—	pF	V _{GS} = 0V
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	390	—	pF	V _{DS} = 25V
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	82	—	pF	f = 1.0MHz

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I _S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	83 ^①	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I _{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ^②	—	—	330	A	
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	T _J = 25°C, I _S = 50A, V _{GS} = 0V ^④
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	89	130	ns	I _D = 50A
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	300	450	nC	V _R = 128V, di/dt = 100A/μs ^④
I _{R_{RM}}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	6.5	—	A	
t _{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				



Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature.
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by T_{Jmax}, starting T_J = 25°C, L = 0.095mH
R_G = 25Ω, I_{AS} = 50A, V_{GS} = 10V. Part not recommended for use above this value.

- ④ Pulse width ≤ 400μs; duty cycle ≤ 2%.
- ⑤ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C

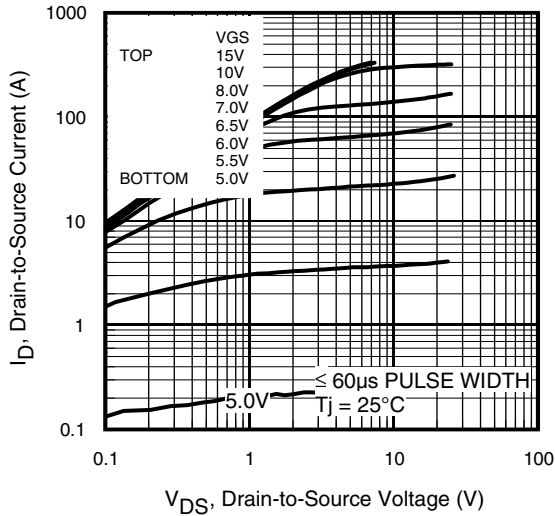


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

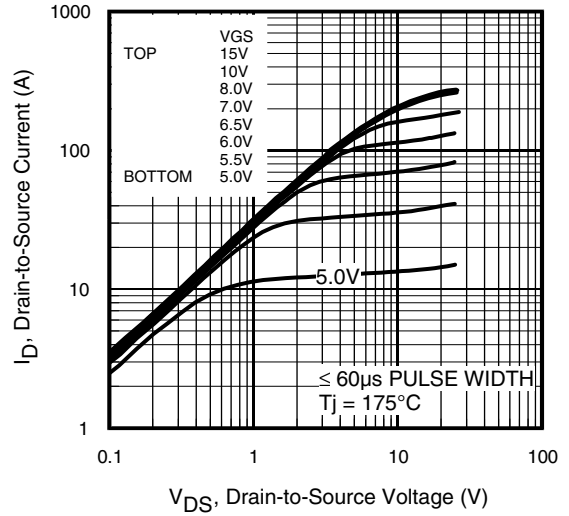


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

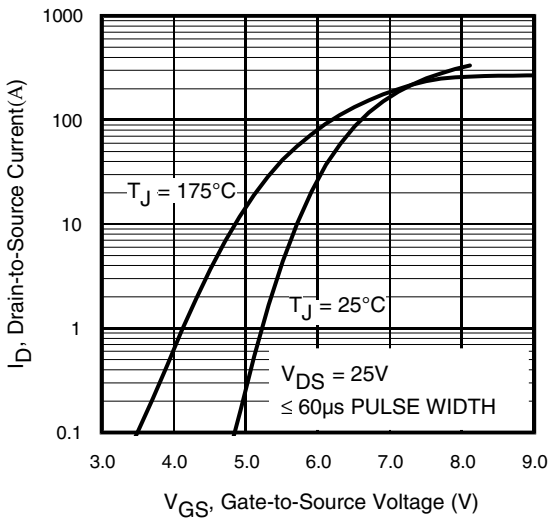


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

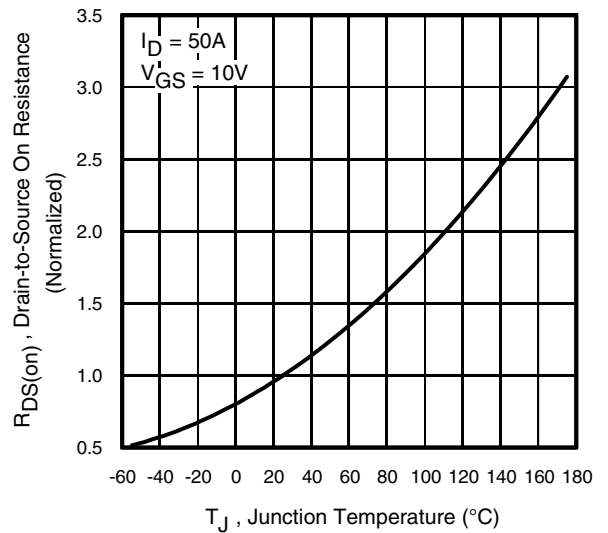


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

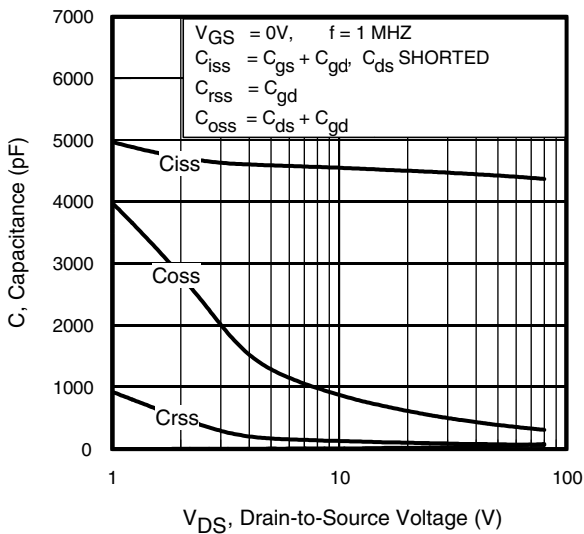


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

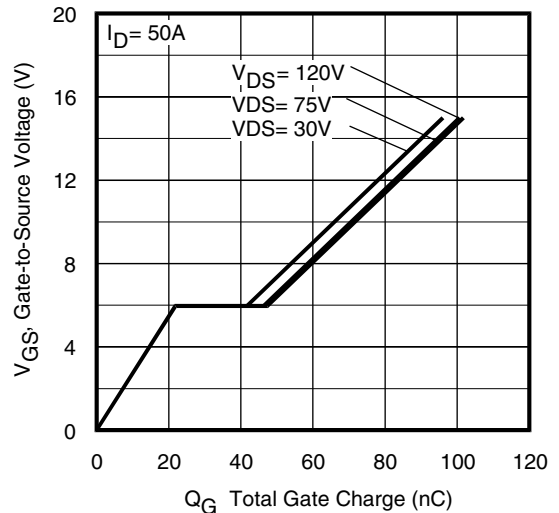


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

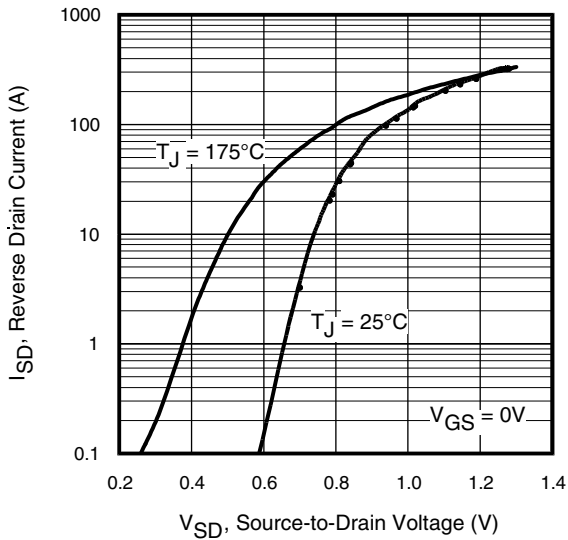


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

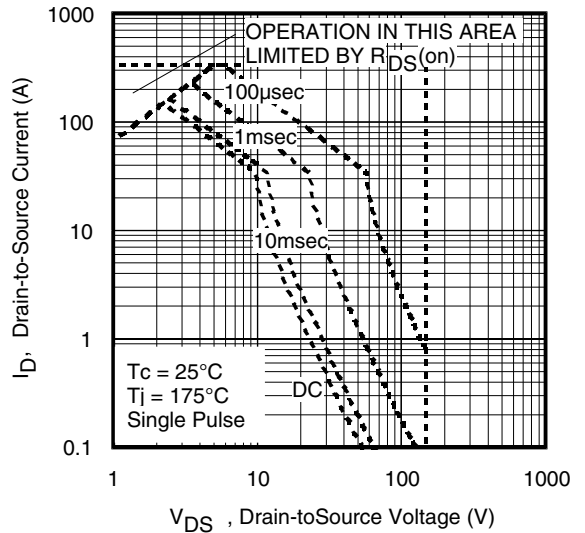


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

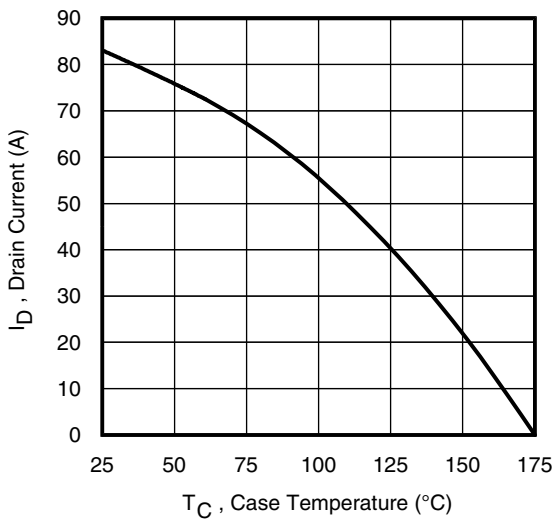


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

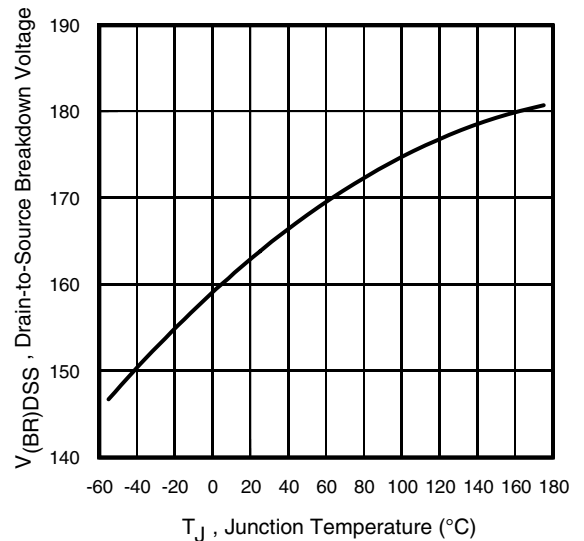


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

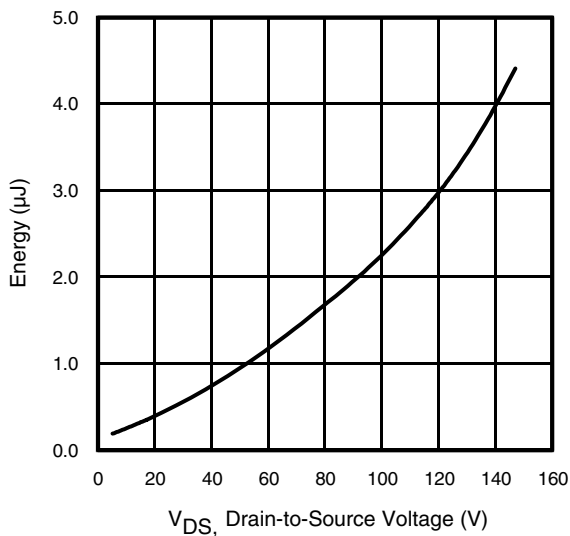


Fig 11. Typical C_{OSS} Stored Energy

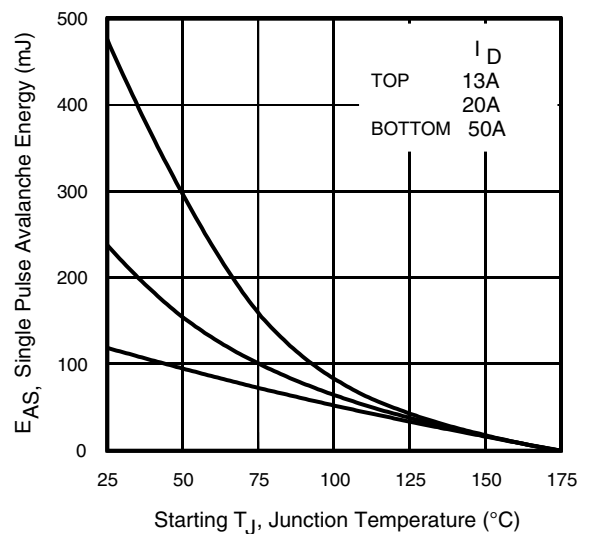


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

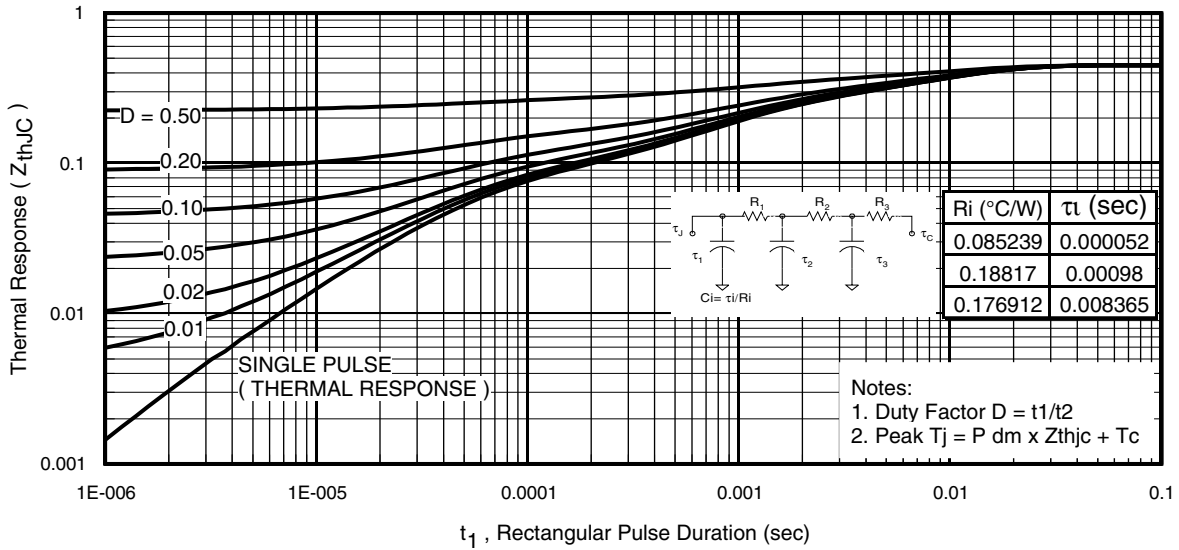


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

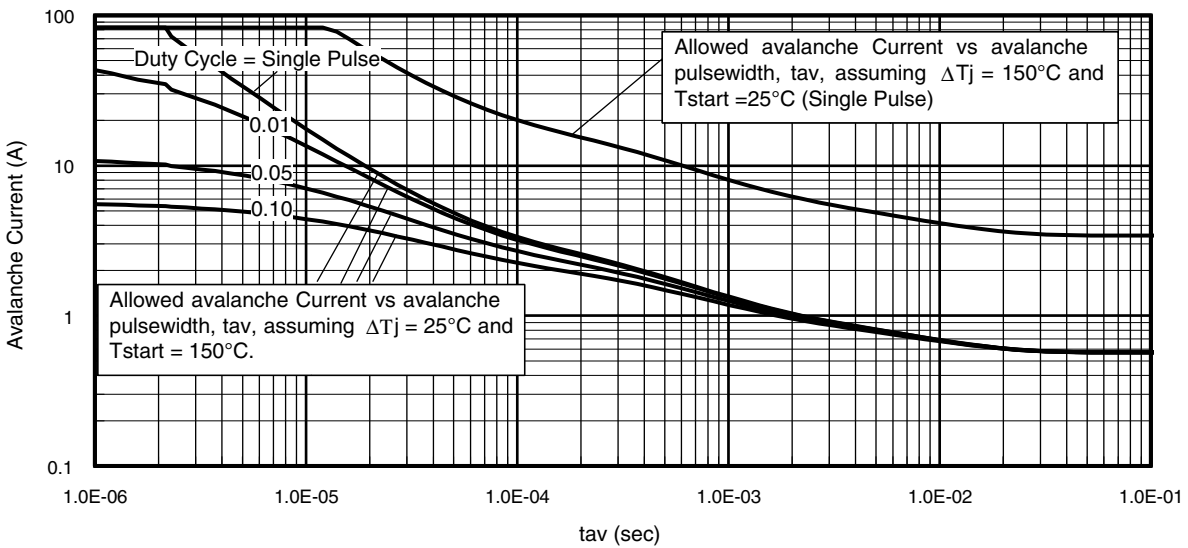
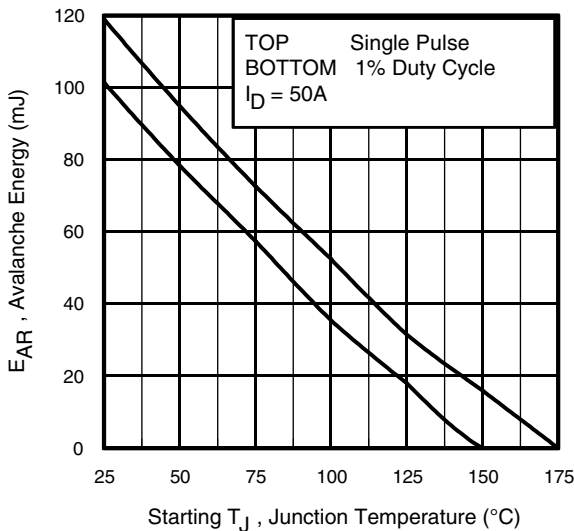


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth



Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves, Figures 14, 15:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

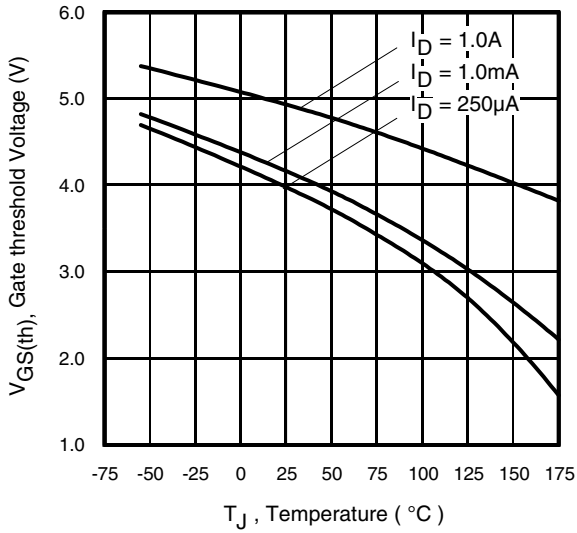


Fig 16. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

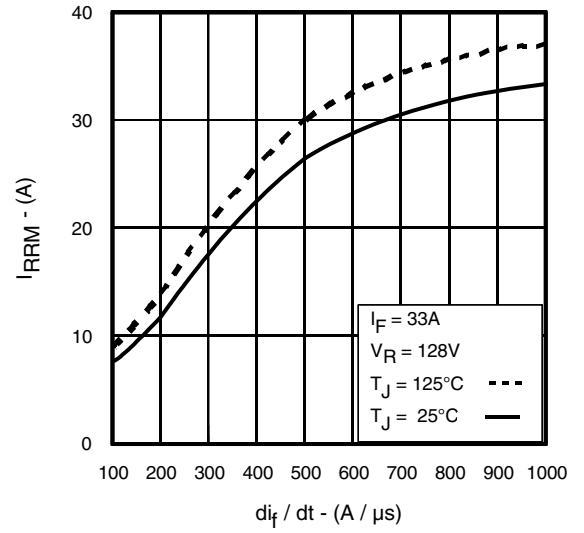


Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

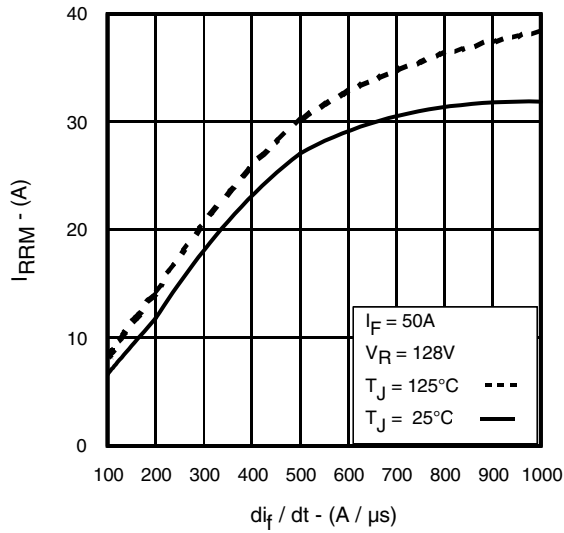


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

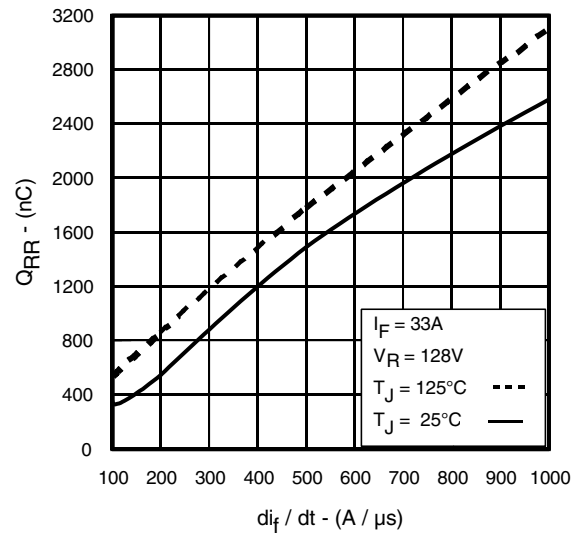


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

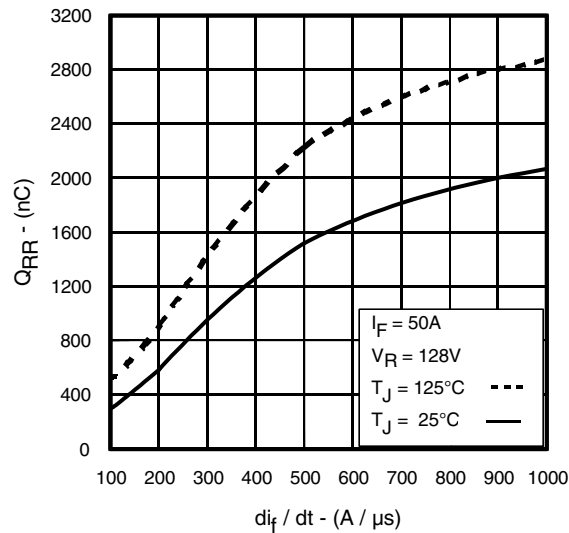


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt



* $V_{GS} = 5V$ for Logic Level Devices

Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

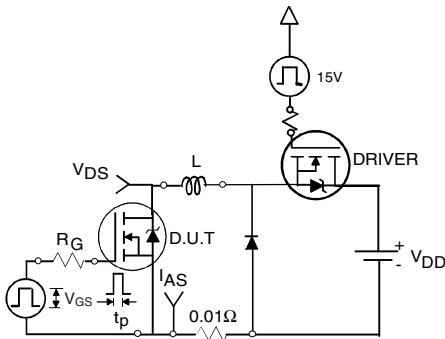


Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

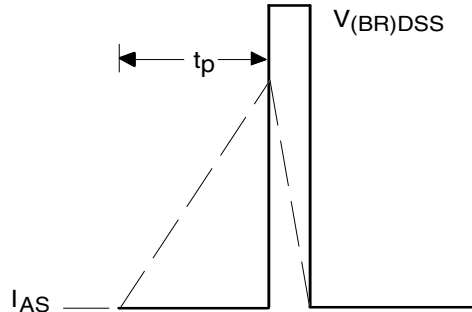


Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

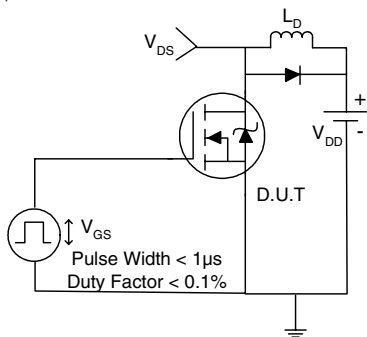


Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit

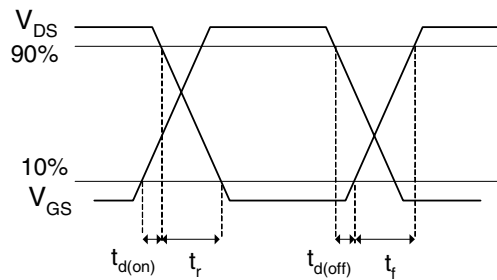


Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms

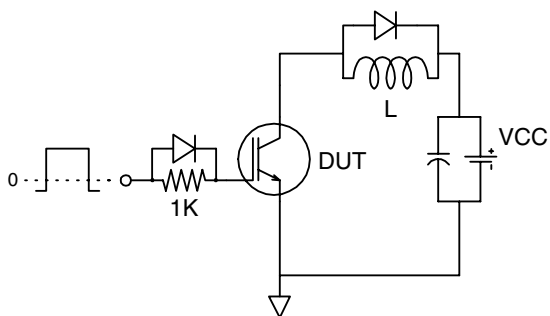
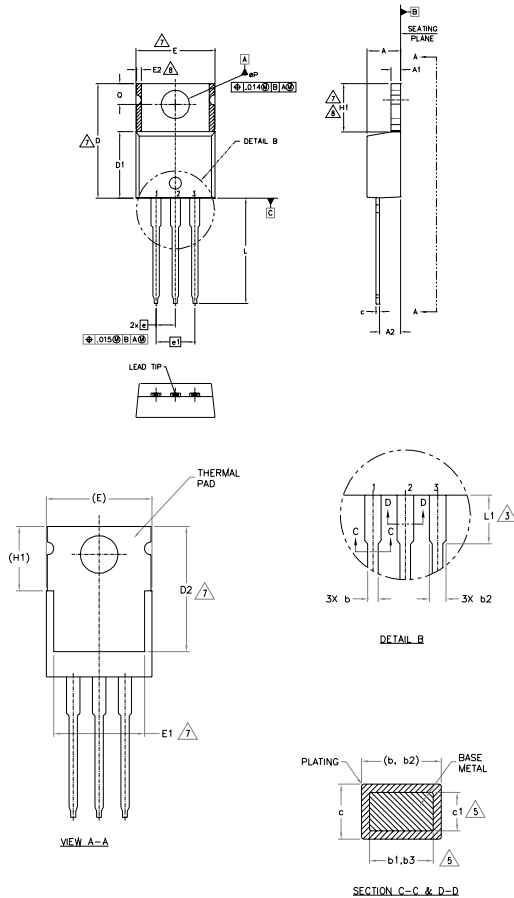


Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit



Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform

TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



- NOTES:
- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
 - 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES (MILLIMETERS)
 - 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
 - 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
 - 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
 - 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
 - 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
 - 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
 - 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	7
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7
E2	-	0.76	-	.030	8
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	3
øP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

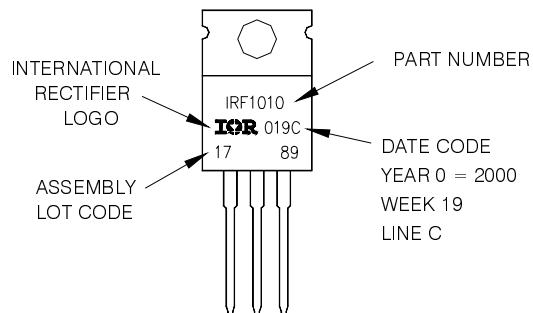
LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

- JEDEC
 1.- GATE
 2.- COLLECTOR
 3.- EMITTER
- IRFBs CO-PAK
 1.- GATE
 2.- COLLECTOR
 3.- EMITTER
- DIODES
 1.- ANODE
 2.- CATHODE
 3.- ANODE

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
 LOT CODE 1789
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.