

CoolMOS™ Power Transistor

Features

- Worldwide best $R_{DS(on)}$ in TO220
- Ultra low gate charge
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

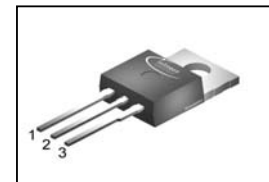
Product Summary

V_{DS}	600	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.099	Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	60	nC

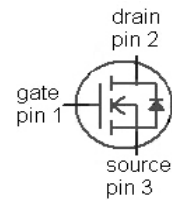
CoolMOS CS is specially designed for:

- Hard switching SMPS topologies
- Zero-voltage switching SMPS topologies
- CCM PFC

PG-TO220-3-1



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
IPP60R099CS	PG-TO220-3-1	Q67045A5018	6R099



Maximum ratings, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	I_D	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	31	A
		$T_C=100\text{ °C}$	19	
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	93	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	$I_D=11\text{ A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$	800	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive $t_{AR}^{2),3)}$	E_{AR}	$I_D=11\text{ A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$	1.2	
Avalanche current, repetitive $t_{AR}^{2),3)}$	I_{AR}		11	A
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	$V_{DS}=0\ldots480\text{ V}$	50	V/ns
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	static	± 20	V
		AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)	± 30	
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	255	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j , T_{stg}		-55 ... 150	°C
Mounting torque		M3 and M3.5 screws	60	Ncm

Maximum ratings, at $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	$T_C=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	18	A
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$		93	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	0.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	leaded	-	-	62	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering	T_{solder}	1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	-	-	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $I_D=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=1.2\text{ mA}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	10	μA
		$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	tbd	-	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=18\text{ A}$, $T_j=25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	0.09	0.099	Ω
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=18\text{ A}$, $T_j=150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	0.24	-	
Gate resistance	R_G	$f=1\text{ MHz}$, open drain	-	1.3	-	Ω

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Dynamic characteristics

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=100\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	2800	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	130	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related ⁴⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$ to 480 V	-	130	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related ⁵⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	340	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=18\text{ A},$ $R_G=3.3\ \Omega$	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	5	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	60	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	5	-	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V}, I_D=18\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	14	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	20	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g		-	60	80	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	5.0	-	V

Reverse Diode

Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=18\text{ A},$ $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.9	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=400\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	450	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	12	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	70	-	A

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

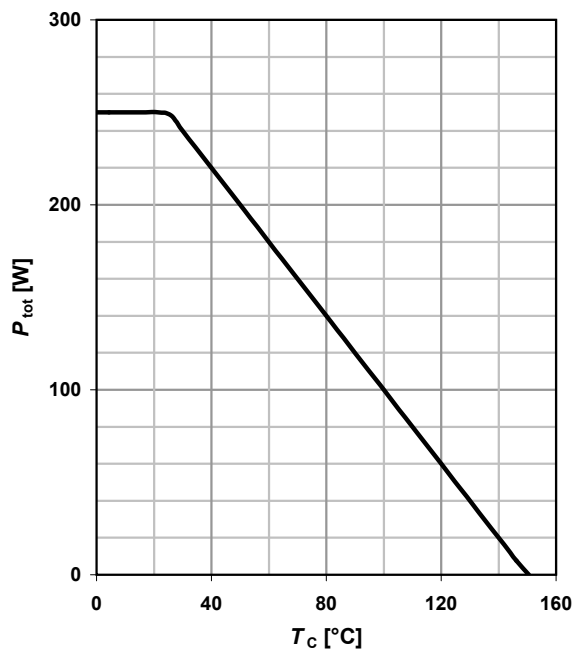
³⁾ Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV}=E_{AR} \cdot f$.

⁴⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

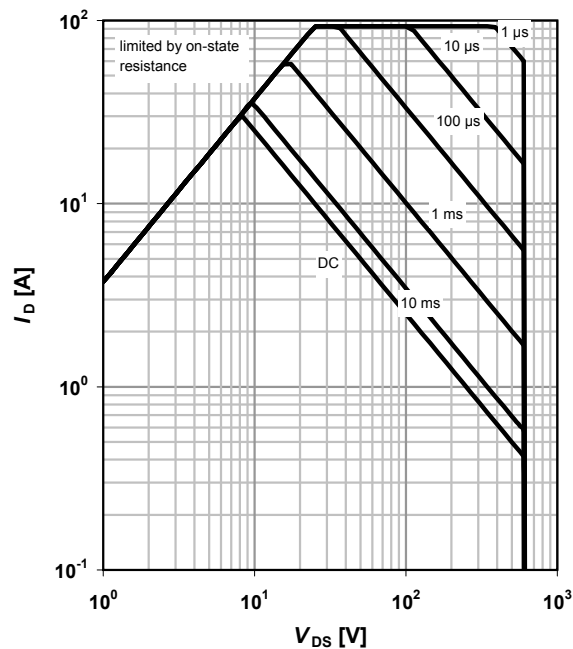
⁵⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

1 Power dissipation

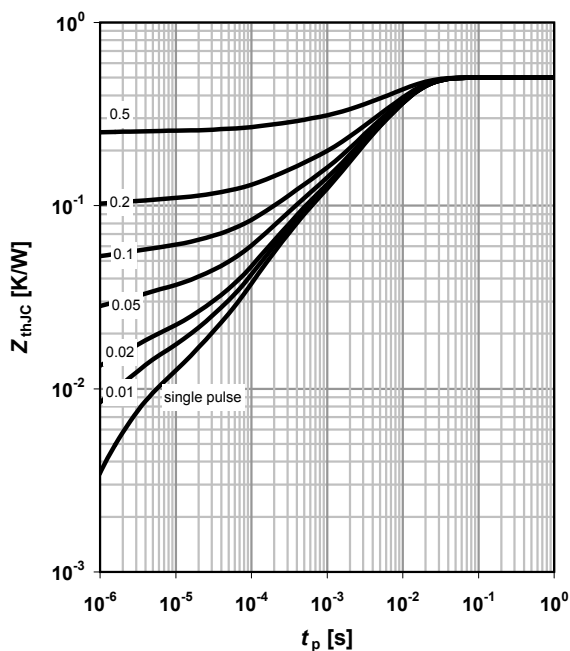
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$


2 Safe operating area

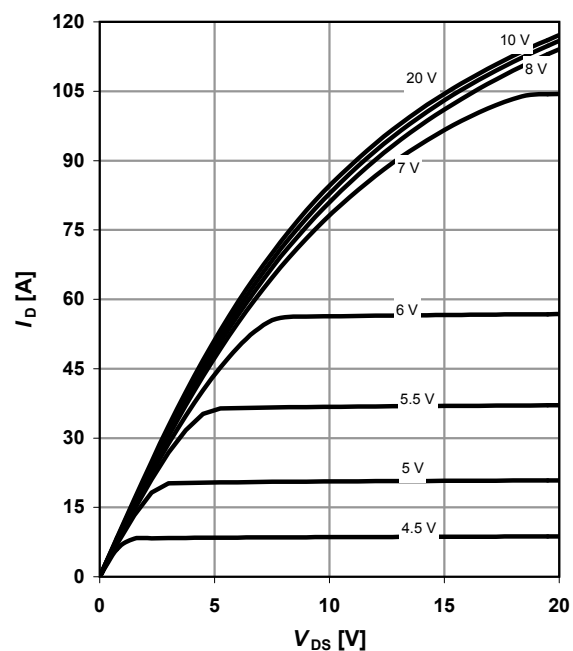
$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}; D = 0$$

 parameter: t_p

3 Max. transient thermal impedance

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 parameter: $D = t_p / T$

4 Typ. output characteristics

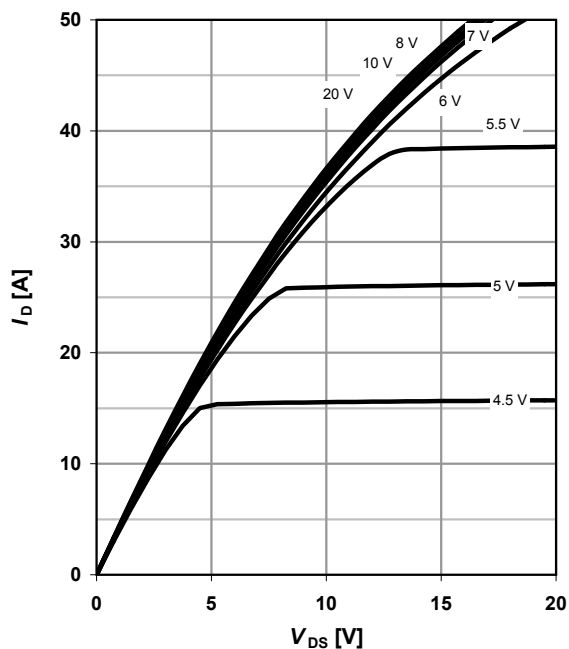
$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 parameter: V_{GS}


5 Typ. output characteristics

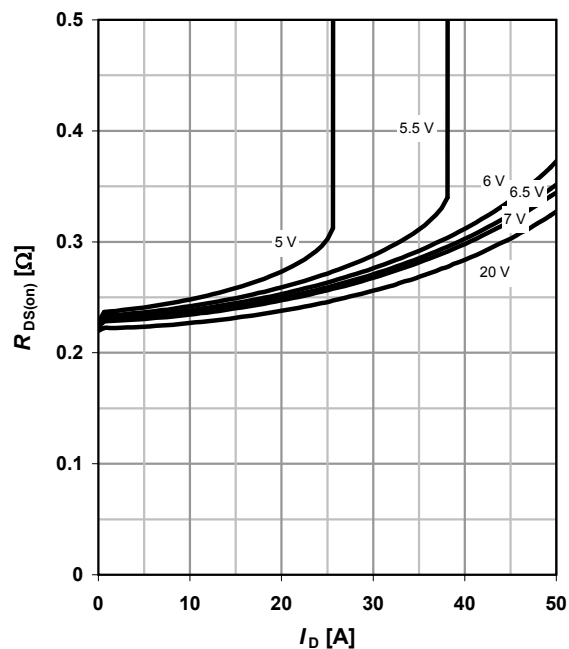
$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

parameter: V_{GS}

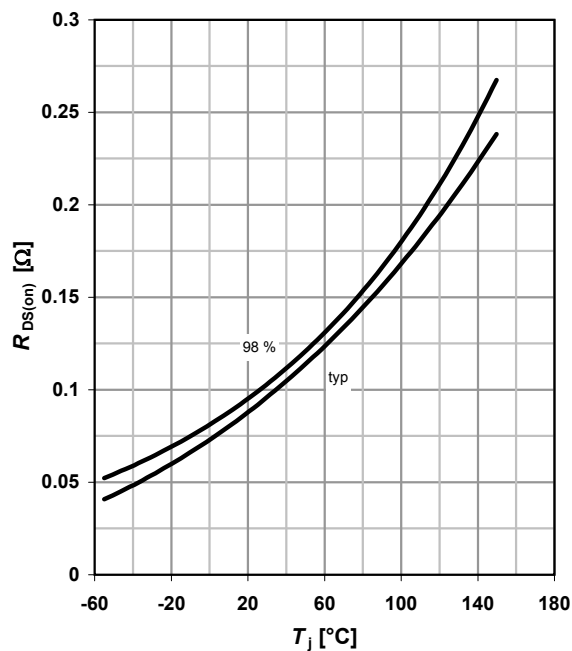

6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

parameter: V_{GS}

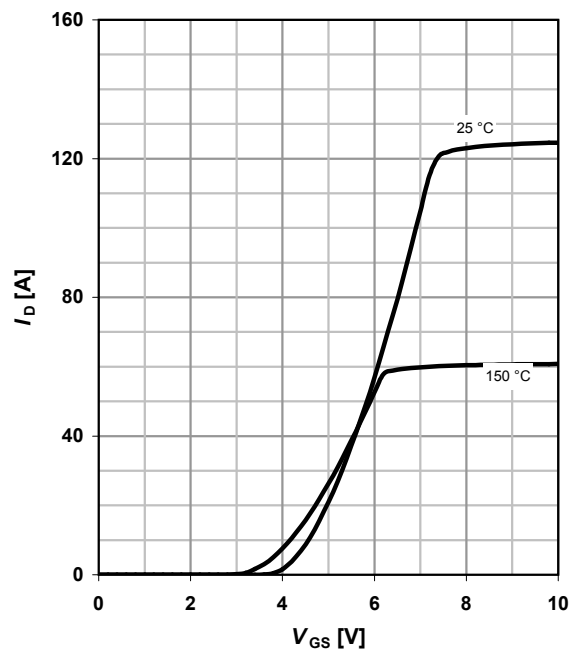

7 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J); I_D = 18\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$$


8 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)\max}$$

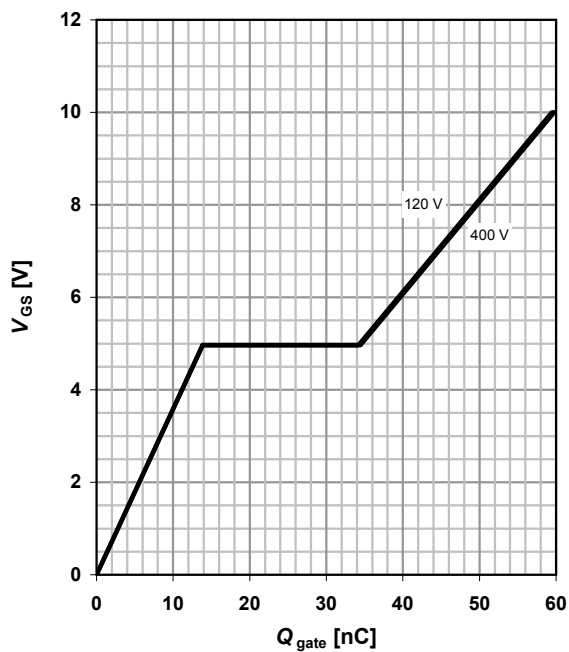
parameter: T_J



9 Typ. gate charge

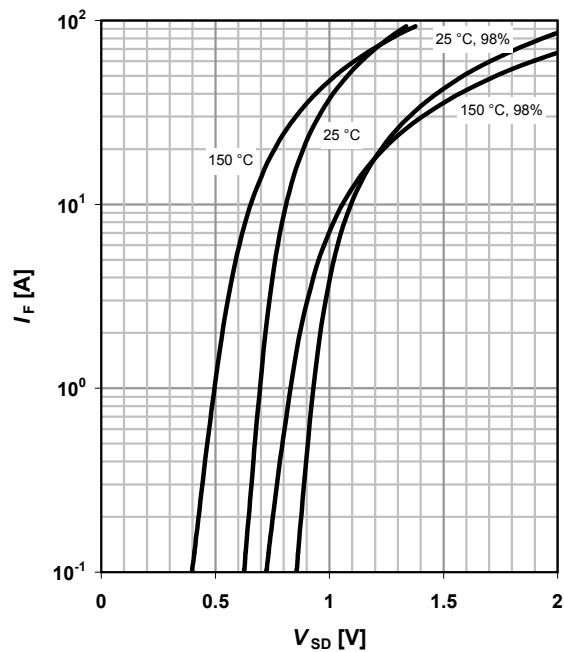
$$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=18 \text{ A pulsed}$$

parameter: V_{DD}

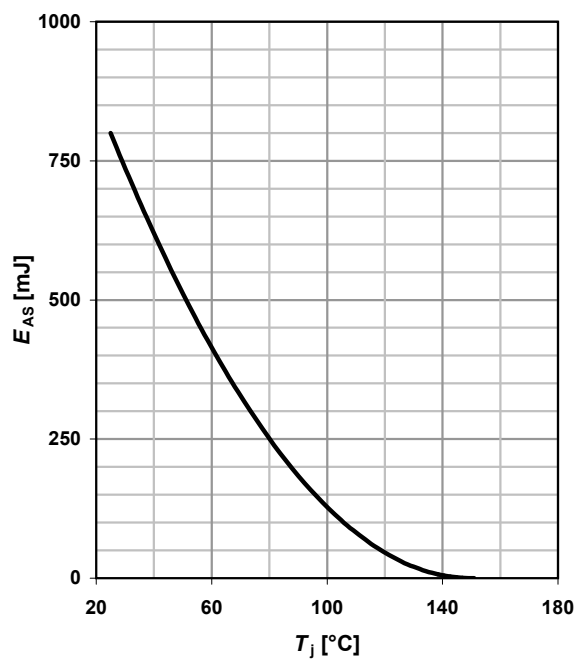

10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

$$I_F=f(V_{SD})$$

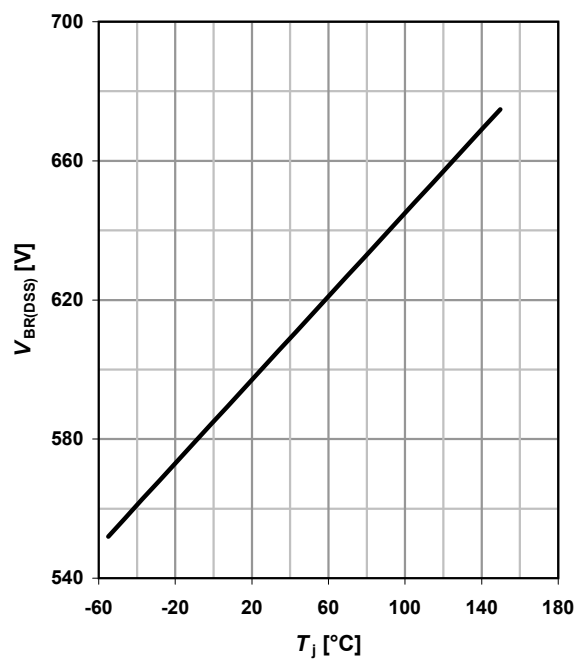
parameter: T_j

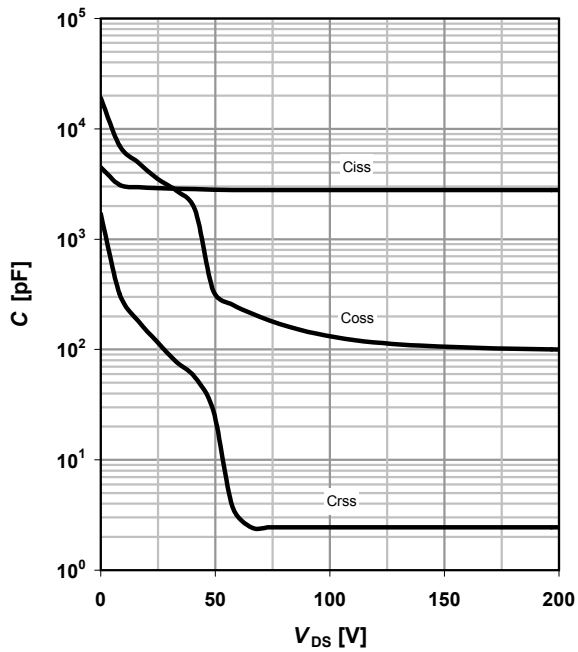
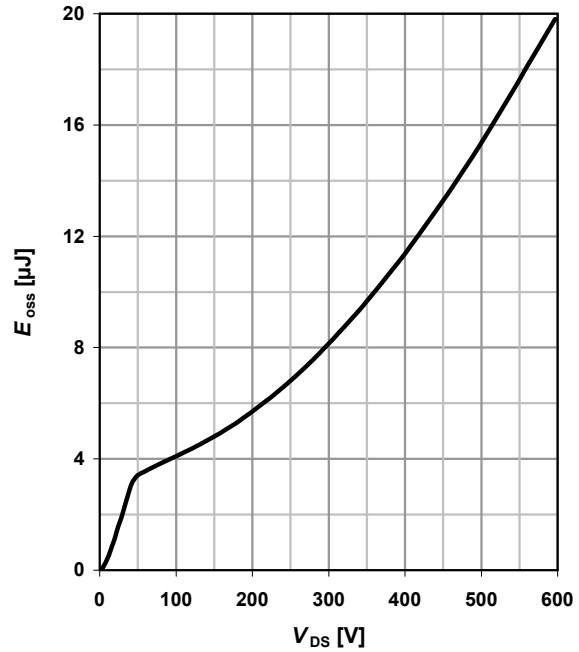

11 Avalanche energy

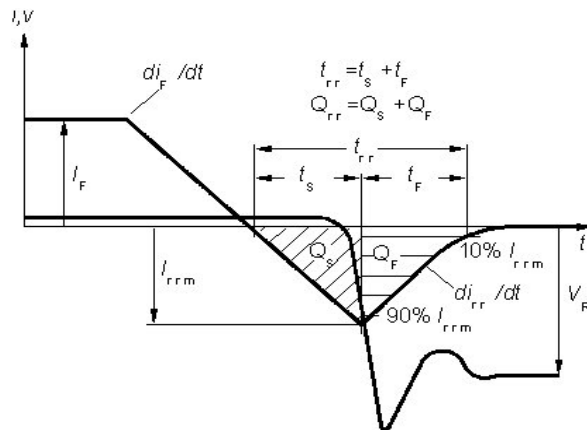
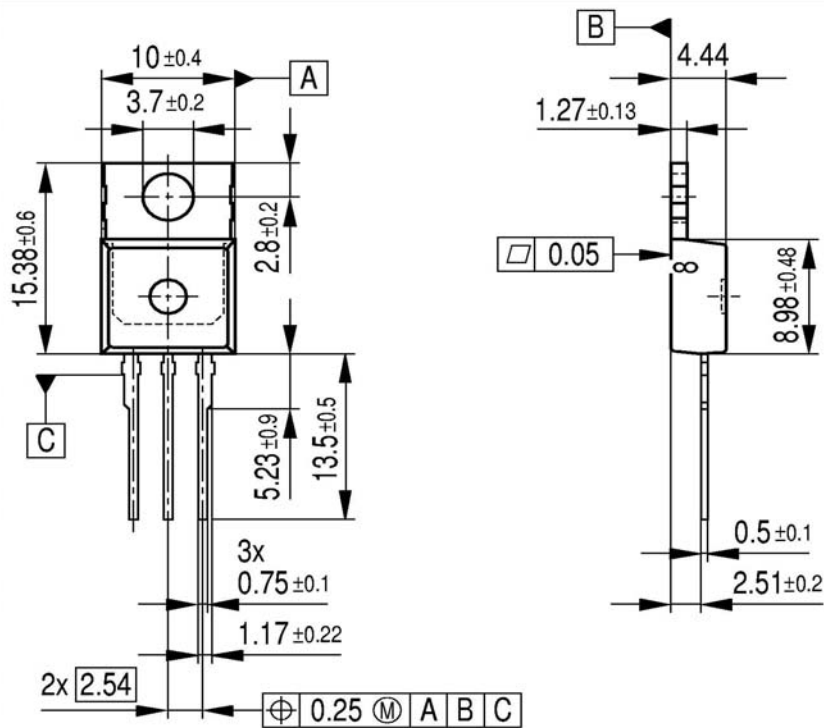
$$E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=11 \text{ A}; V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}$$


12 Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=0.25 \text{ mA}$$



13 Typ. capacitances
 $C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

14 Typ. Coss stored energy
 $E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$


Definition of diode switching characteristics

PG-TO220-3-1: Outline


All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.
Metal surface min. x=7.25, y=12.3

Dimensions in mm

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