

AM radio / FM IF stereo system IC

BA1451F

The BA1451F is a tuner system IC for electronic tuning for AM radios, FM IF, and MPX. It has been developed for HiFi component applications.

The MPX VCO circuit requires no adjustment, which will enable a reduction in the number of production line processes. In particular, the laser lock technique used in the VCO means that no external adjustment is required.

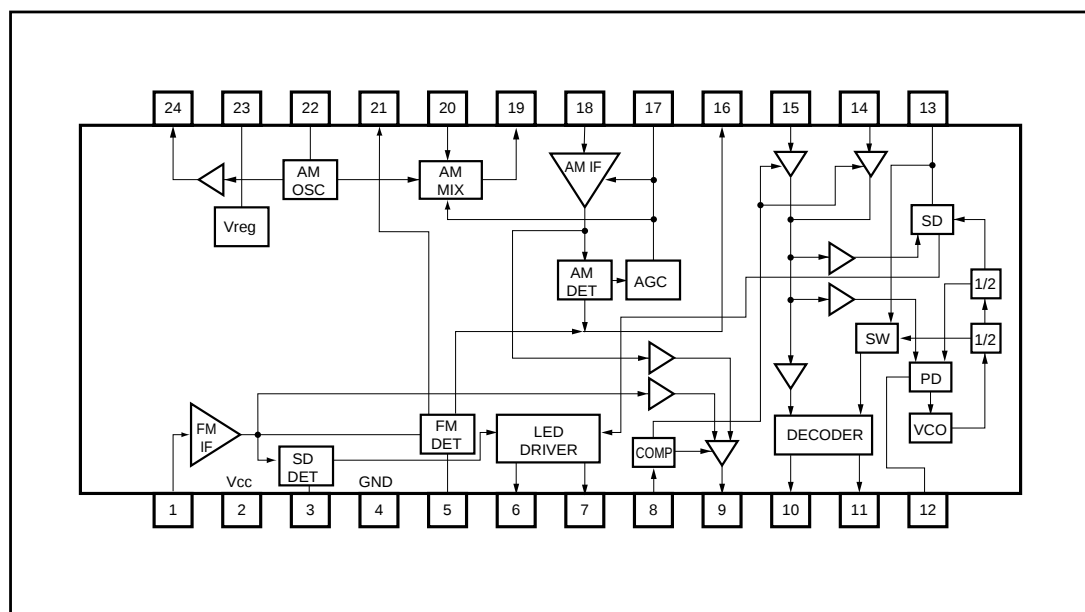
●Applications

Synthesized tuner for HiFi components.

●Features

- 1) Built-in AM monaural radio, FM IF amplifier/detector, and FM stereo demodulator.
- 2) DTS (both SD and IF count) compatible.
- 3) Built-in reference voltage power supply provides good shortwave band frequency stability.
- 4) Good FM stability.
- 5) The FM MPX VCO uses laser locking making adjustment and external components unnecessary.
- 6) Built-in forced monaural operation function for MPX (VCO stops, and LED goes off).
- 7) Low cutoff of audio is possible to improve AM fidelity.
- 8) MPX VCO stops in AM mode.
- 9) Audio muting is possible when an IF request is made.

●Block diagram



Audio ICs

●Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	9.0	V
Power dissipation	P_d	450 ^{*1}	mW
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	-25~+75	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55~+125	°C

*1 Reduced by 4.5mW for each increase in T_a of 1°C over 25°C.

●Recommended operating conditions ($T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	3.8	5.0	8.0	V

●Input and output circuits

Pin No.	Function	Internal circuit	Quiescent voltage (V)	
			FM	AM
1	FM IF amplifier input Connect to an FM ceramic filter.		2.1	2.1
2	V_{CC}		5.0	5.0
3	FM tuning ON level adjustment Connect a resistor from this pin to GND to set the required ON level for the tuning indicator.		0.25	0
4	GND		0	0
5	FM discriminator Connect to the discriminator coil.		5.0	5.0
6	Tuning indicator Connect to a tuning indicator display device (eg. LED)		—	—
7	Stereo indicator Connect to a stereo indicator display device (eg. LED)		—	—

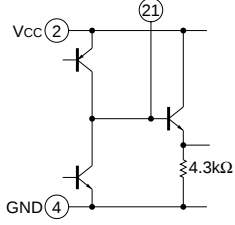
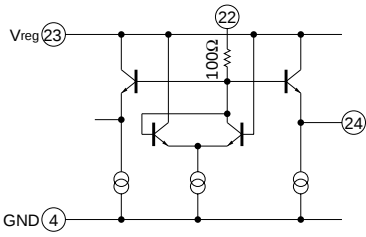
Audio ICs

Pin No.	Function	Internal circuit	Quiescent pin voltage (V)	
			FM	AM
8	- IF request Output the IF signal to pin9 excess of 4.0V. Stops the IF signal at equal to or less than 3.0V. - MUTE Apply to muting excess of 2.0V. Off the muting at equal to or less than 1.0V.		0	0
9	IF output Output for the IF signal.		4.2	4.2
10	R-channel output		1.5	1.5
11	L-channel output		1.5	1.5
12	- PLL filter Connect to a lag/lead filter. - AM / FM band switch AM band when connected to GND.		2.1	0
13	- Forced monaural Forced monaural operation connecting to get a resistor to mediate. (Recommended value : 10kΩ to ground.) - Pilot filter Connect to a capacitor.		2.1	2.1

Audio ICs

Pin No.	Function	Internal circuit	Quiescent pin voltage (V)	
			FM	AM
14	MPX input Input the FM detector output .		2.1	2.1
15	MPX input Input the AM detector output after low cut.		2.1	2.1
16	AM/FM detector output Connect to the following stage MPX and FM low pass filter.		2.1	2.1
17	AM AGC Connect to a capacitor.		0	0
18	AM IF input Connect to an AM ceramic filter.		5.0	5.0
19	AM mixer output Connect to primary side of AM IFT.		5.0	5.0
20	AM antenna Connect to AM antenna.		2.1	2.1

Audio ICs

Pin No.	Function	Internal circuit	Quiescent pin voltage (V)	
			FM	AM
21	FM detector bandwidth adjustment Connect a resistor from this pin to the reference voltage supply to set the required detector bandwidth.		2.1	2.1
23	Reference voltage supply Connected to a capacitor.	—	2.1	2.1
22	AM local oscillator Connect to the AM OSC circuit.		2.1	2.1
24	AM local oscillator output AM OSC output.		1.7	1.4

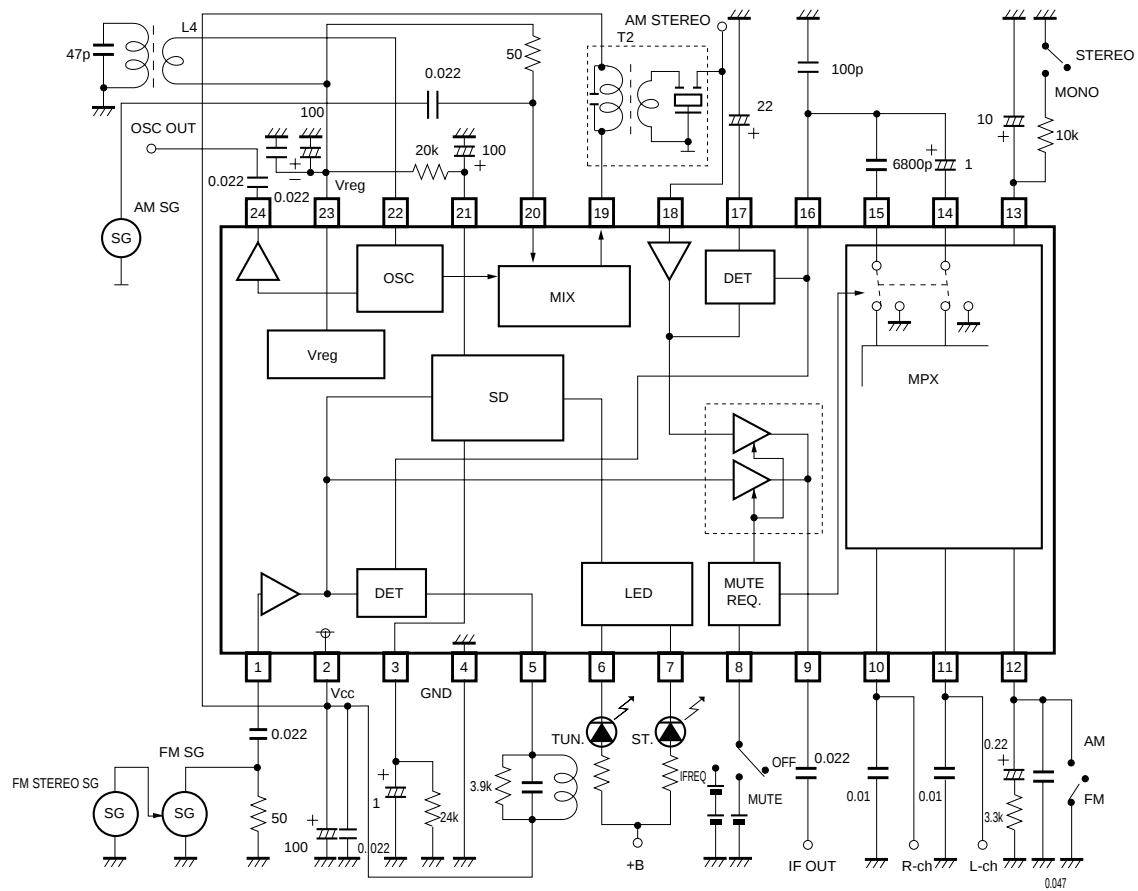
● **Electrical characteristics** (Unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C and Vcc=5V)

FM IF MPX signal source : fin=10.7MHz, modulation 1kHz, 75kHzdev (100%)
19kHz 7.5kHzdev (10%)

AM : fin=1000kHz, modulation 1kHz 30%

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Quiescent current FM	I _Q (FM)	13	21	29	mA	No input
Quiescent current AM	I _Q (AM)	11	19	27	mA	No input
<FM IF MPX>						
Detector output voltage	V _O	340	480	670	mVrms	V _{IN} =100dBμV, mono
-3dB limiting sensitivity	L.S	34	37	40	dBμV	mono
Signal-to-noise ratio	S / N	72	80	—	dB	V _{IN} =100dBμV, mono
Channel balance	C.B	-2	0	+2	dB	V _{IN} =100dBμV, mono
AM suppression ratio	AMR	45	55	—	dB	AM : V _{IN} =60dBμV, mod=30%, 400Hz
Channel separation	SEP	35	45	—	dB	V _{IN} =100dBμV, main
Total harmonic distortion	THD	—	0.5	1.6	%	V _{IN} =100dBμV, main
Station detector sensitivity	SD _s	34	39	44	dBμV	Input for pin 6 current ≥ 1mA
Station detector bandwidth	SD _{SW}	70	100	150	kHz	V _{IN} =100dBμV, mono
IF OUT output voltage	V _{IF}	300	400	530	mV _{P-P}	IF request ON
<AM>						
Detector output voltage	V _O	70	90	120	mVrms	V _{IN} =68dBμV
Usable sensitivity	Q.S	22	25	28	dBμV	Input for S / N = 20dB
Signal-to-noise ratio	S / N	42	52	—	dB	V _{IN} =68dBμV
Total harmonic distortion	THD	—	0.6	1.8	%	V _{IN} =68dBμV
Station detector sensitivity	SD _s	21	26	31	dBμV	Input for pin 6 current ≥ 1mA
IF OUT output voltage	V _{IF}	300	400	530	mV _{P-P}	IF request ON
Local buffer output voltage	V _{OBuff}	140	200	280	mVrms	

● Test circuit



L4 : AM OSC
 T2 : AM IFT
 CD1 : FM DISCRIMINATOR COIL

Sumida
 Toko
 Toko
 Sumida
 Toko

2157-JPS-029
 A7BRS-12445X
 CFMA-258
 0236-JPS-101
 A119ACS-19197N

Units : R [Ω]
 C [μ F]

Fig. 1

Fig. 2

$V_{cc}=5V$,
 $f_{in}=10.7MHz$,
 $\Delta f=1kHz$
 $\Delta f=22.5kHzdev$,
 $pilot=7.5kHzdev$
 $T_a=25^{\circ}C$,
 $AMR\ MOD=30\%$,
 $f_m=400Hz$

Fig.3 FM input / output characteristics

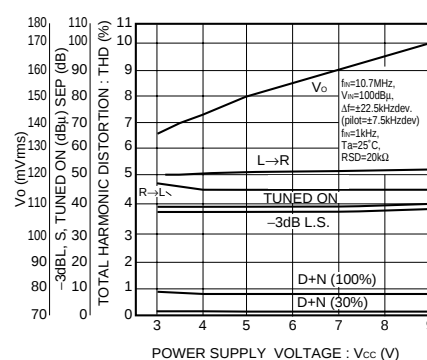


Fig.4 FM characteristics vs. power supply voltage

Audio ICs

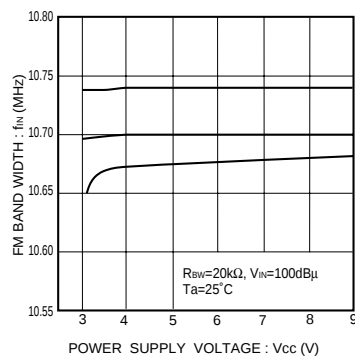


Fig.5 FM bandwidth vs. power supply voltage

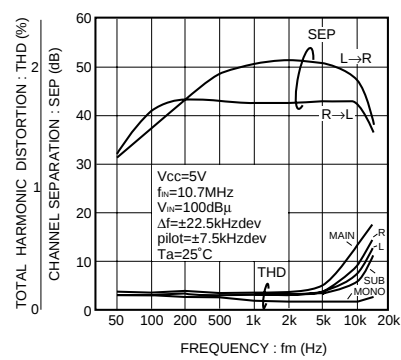


Fig.6 Channel separation and THD vs. frequency

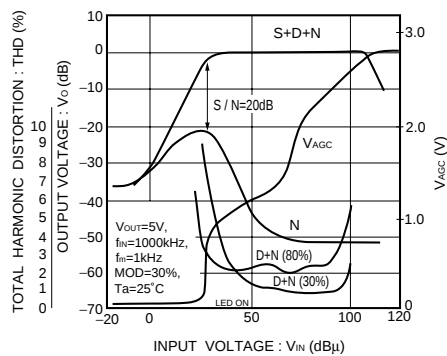


Fig.7 AM input / output characteristics

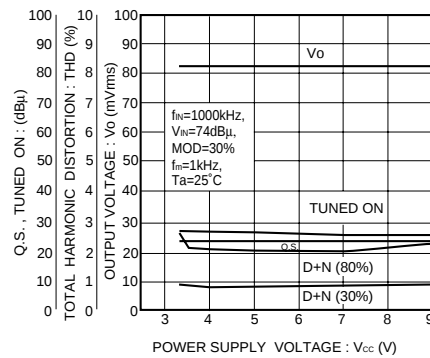


Fig.8 AM characteristics vs. power supply voltage

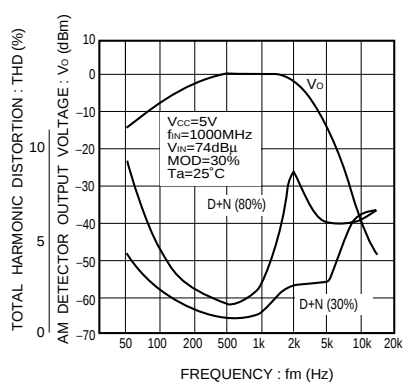
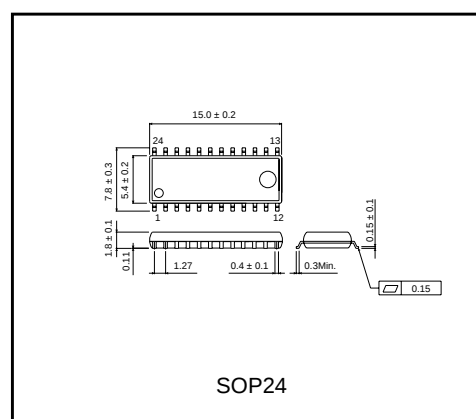


Fig.9 AM detector output and THD vs. frequency

●External dimensions (Units : mm)



SOP24