



SAW Components

Data Sheet B3558

Data Sheet

An abstract graphic featuring the word "EPCOS" in large, glowing, 3D letters. The letters are white with a blue glow and are positioned diagonally across the frame. In the background, there is a faint, stylized globe with circuitry patterns, suggesting a global network or technological theme. The overall color scheme is dark with blue and white highlights.



SAW Components

B3558

Low-loss Filter

449,10 MHz

Data Sheet

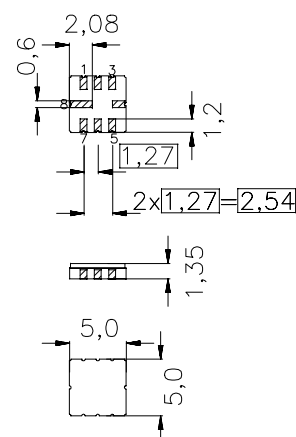
Features

- RF low-loss filter for remote control receivers
- Package for **Surface Mounted Technology (SMT)**
- Balanced and unbalanced operation possible

Terminals

- Ni, gold plated

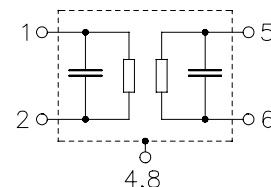
Ceramic package **QCC8C**



typ. dimensions in mm, approx. weight 0,1 g

Pin configuration

- 1 Input Ground
- 2 Input
- 5 Output
- 6 Output Ground
- 4,8 Case - Ground
- 3,7 to be grounded



Type	Ordering code	Marking and package according to	Packing according to
B3558	B39451-B3558-U310	C61157-A7-A56	F61074-V8070-Z000

Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD)

Maximum ratings

Operable temperature range	T_A	-30/+85	°C	source impedance 50 Ω
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-45/+90	°C	
DC voltage	V_{DC}	0	V	
Source power	P_S	10	dBm	



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Characteristics

Reference temperature:

$$T_A = 25\text{ °C}$$

Terminating source impedance:

$$Z_S = 50\ \Omega \text{ and matching network}$$

Terminating load impedance:

$$Z_L = 50\ \Omega \text{ and matching network}$$

		min.	typ.	max.	
Center frequency	f_C	—	449,14	—	MHz
(center frequency between 3 dB points)					
Minimum insertion attenuation	$\alpha_{\min}$	—	2,2	3,2	dB
449,00 ... 449,28 MHz					
Pass band (relative to $\alpha_{\min}$)					
448,965 ... 449,315 MHz					
		—	0,8	3,0	dB
448,930 ... 449,350 MHz					
		—	1,5	6,0	dB
Relative attenuation (relative to $\alpha_{\min}$)	α_{rel}				
10,00 ... 428,00 MHz					
		45	50	—	dB
428,00 ... 439,00 MHz					
		40	45	—	dB
439,00 ... 448,10 MHz					
		15	25	—	dB
450,10 ... 459,00 MHz					
		15	25	—	dB
459,00 ... 550,00 MHz					
		40	45	—	dB
550,00 ... 1000,00 MHz					
		45	50	—	dB
Impedance for pass band matching ²⁾					
Input: $Z_{\text{IN}} = R_{\text{IN}} \parallel C_{\text{IN}}$					
		—	210 $\parallel$ 2,70	—	$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
Output: $Z_{\text{OUT}} = R_{\text{OUT}} \parallel C_{\text{OUT}}$					
		—	210 $\parallel$ 2,70	—	$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
Temperature coefficient of frequency ¹⁾	TC_f	—	−0,03	—	ppm/K ²
Frequency inversion point	T_0	20	—	40	°C

¹⁾Temperature dependence of f_C : $f_C(T_A) = f_C(T_0) (1 + TC_f(T_A - T_0)^2)$

²⁾ Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After the SAW filter is removed and input impedance into the input matching / output matching network is calculated.

The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details, we refer to EPCOS application note #4.



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Characteristics

Reference temperature:

$$T_A = -30 \dots 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

Terminating source impedance:

$$Z_S = 50 \text{ } \Omega \text{ and matching network}$$

Terminating load impedance:

$$Z_L = 50 \text{ } \Omega \text{ and matching network}$$

		min.	typ.	max.	
Center frequency	f_C	—	449,10	—	MHz
(center frequency between 3 dB points)					
Minimum insertion attenuation	$\alpha_{\min}$	—	2,2	3,4	dB
	449,00 ... 449,28 MHz	—	2,2	3,4	dB
Pass band (relative to $\alpha_{\min}$)					
	448,965 ... 449,235 MHz	—	0,5	3,0	dB
	448,930 ... 449,270 MHz	—	1,5	6,0	dB
Relative attenuation (relative to $\alpha_{\min}$)	α_{rel}				
	10,00 ... 428,00 MHz	45	50	—	dB
	428,00 ... 439,00 MHz	40	45	—	dB
	439,00 ... 448,02 MHz	15	25	—	dB
	450,10 ... 459,00 MHz	15	25	—	dB
	459,00 ... 550,00 MHz	40	45	—	dB
	550,00 ... 1000,00 MHz	45	50	—	dB
Impedance for pass band matching ²⁾					
Input: $Z_{\text{IN}} = R_{\text{IN}} \parallel C_{\text{IN}}$		—	210 $\parallel$ 2,70	—	$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$
Output: $Z_{\text{OUT}} = R_{\text{OUT}} \parallel C_{\text{OUT}}$		—	210 $\parallel$ 2,70	—	$\Omega \parallel \text{pF}$

²⁾ Impedance for passband matching bases on an ideal, perfect matching of the SAW filter to source- and to load impedance (here 50 Ohm). After the SAW filter is removed and input impedance into the input matching / output matching network is calculated.

The conjugate complex value of these characteristic impedances are the input and output impedances for flat passband. For more details, we refer to EPCOS application note #4.



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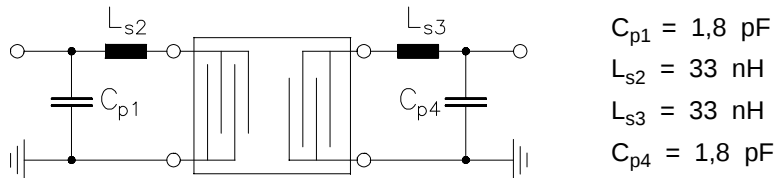
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Matching network to 50 Ω (element values depend on pcb layout and equivalent circuit)



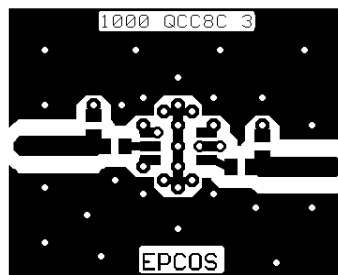
Minimising the crosstalk

For a good ultimate rejection a low crosstalk is necessary. Low crosstalk can be realised with a good RF layout. The major crosstalk mechanism is caused by the "ground-loop" problem.

Grounding loops are created if input-and output transducer GND are connected on the top-side of the PCB and fed to the system grounding plane by a common via hole. To avoid the common ground path, the ground pin of the input- and output transducer are fed to the system ground plane (bottom PCB plane) by their own via hole. The transducers' grounding pins should be isolated from the upper grounding plane.

A common GND inductivity of 0.5nH degrades the ultimate rejection (crosstalk) by 20dB.

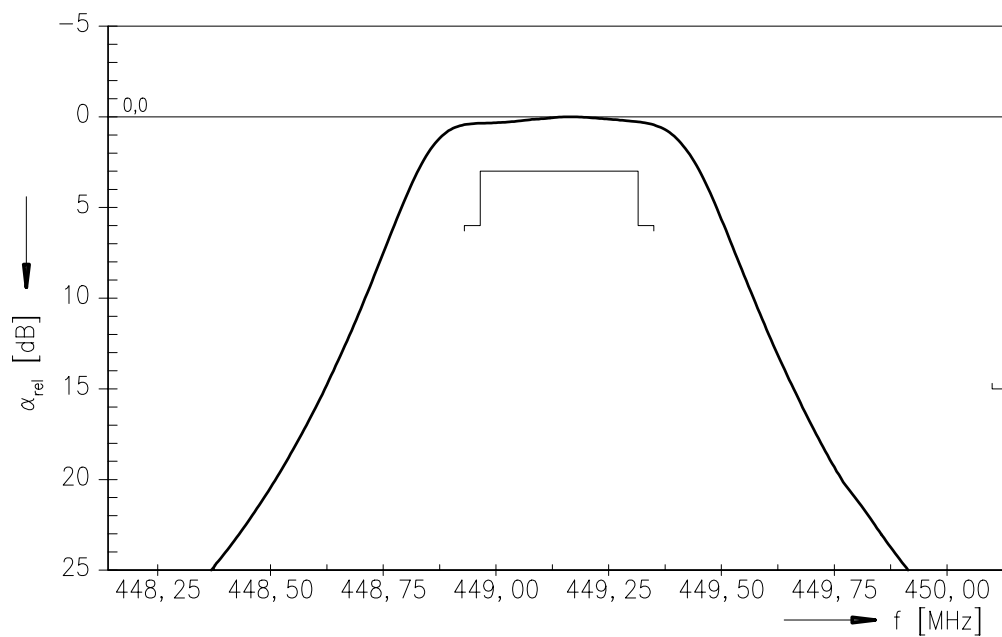
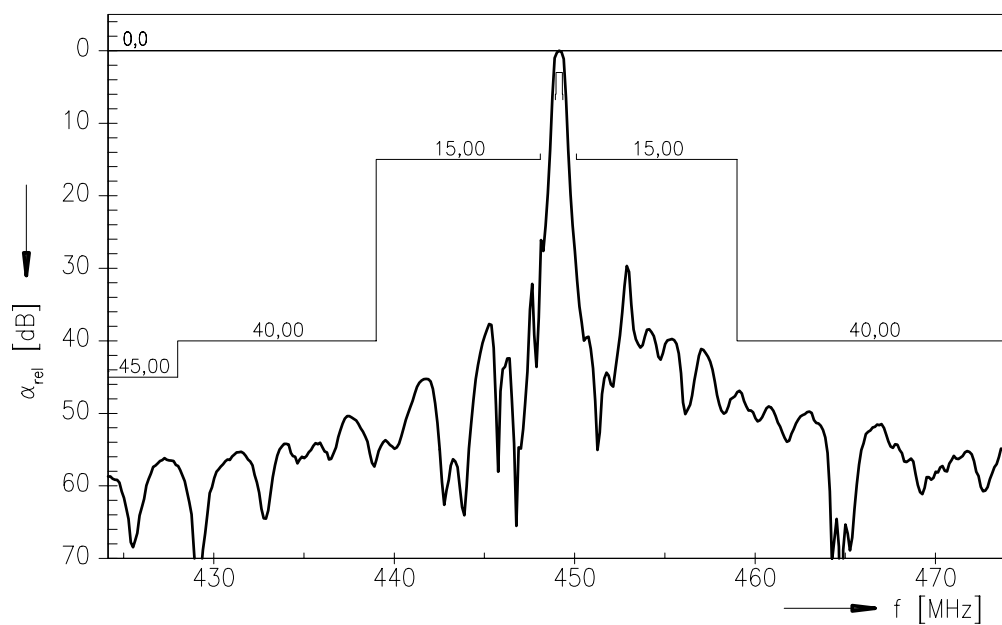
The optimised PCB layout, including matching network for transformation to 50 Ohm, is shown here. In this PCB layout the grounding loops are minimised to realise good ultimate rejection.



Optimised PCB layout for SAW filters in QCC8C package, pinning 2,5 (top side, scale 1:1)

The bottom side is a copper plane (system ground area). The input and output grounding pins are isolated and connected to the common ground by separated via holes.

For good contact of the upper grounding area with the lower side it is necessary to place enough via holes.

**SAW Components****B3558****Low-loss Filter****449,10 MHz****Data Sheet****Normalized frequency response****Normalized frequency response (wideband)**



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