

# **OVERVIEW DATA SHEET: BT2084A**

DUAL-BAND GSM & DCS SINGLE CHIP RF TRANSCEIVER

#### **Features**

- Highly integrated complete dual-band GSM900 and DCS1800 / PCS1900 RF Transceiver
- Low noise and wide dynamic range receiver
- Greater than 35dB on-chip image rejection in receive mode
- Over 90dB overall gain control in 2dB steps in receive mode
- Offset PLL transmitter architecture
- Operating supply voltage from 2.7V to 3.3V
- Ambient temperature range (-40°C to +85°C)
- Low power BiCMOS silicon technology
- 48L QLP package with exposed ground pad

### **Functions**

#### Receiver:

Dual Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) w/ Gain Control Dual Image Reject RxRF Mixer

IF Output Buffer

IF Input Buffer w/ Gain Control

**RxIF Mixer** 

Automatic Gain Control (AGC)

I/Q Demodulator

Baseband Channel Select Filter with tuning

Baseband I/Q Buffer

DC Offset Calibration

#### Transmitter:

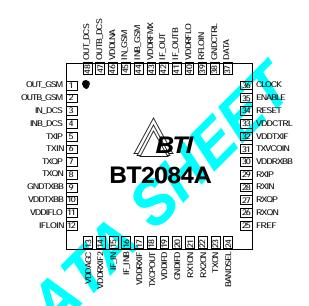
I/Q Modulator

Offset PLL

- Downconversion Mixe
- Phase Detector
- IFLO Buffer
- RFLO Buffer

## **Applications**

- GSM/DCS Handsets & Communication Systems
- RF Wireless Modems
- RF Wireless Communications Products



## General Description

The BT2084A is a highly integrated low power silicon BiCMOS RF transceiver designed for dual-band GSM900 and DCS1800/PCS1900 handset applications. The BT2084A consists of a receiver, transmitter, and both IF and RFLO buffer sections.

The receiver can be divided into two sections. The first section is the receiver front-end which consists of a low noise amplifier (LNA), image-reject downconversion mixers and an IF output buffer. This section provides amplification for the incoming signal with low noise and high linearity. It also provides more than 35dB image suppression and 20dB gain control. The second section consists of an IF input buffer, IF downconversion mixer, automatic gain control (AGC), I/Q demodulator, baseband channel select filter, and a baseband buffer. This section provides second downconversion and I/Q demodulation to the channel-selected signal and an additional on-chip channel selection. The IF input buffer and AGC perform over 90dB gain control in 2dB steps.

## **Ordering Information**

BT2084A GSM/DCS/PCS Dual-Band RF Transceiver

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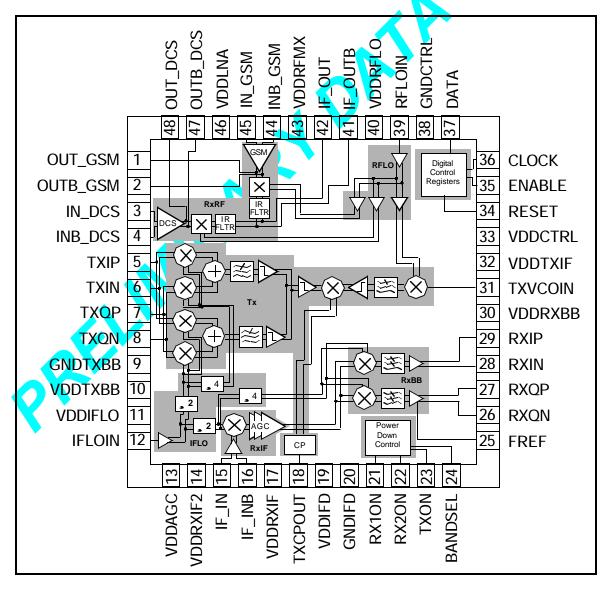
The transmitter employs an offset PLL architecture and also consists of two sections. The first section is the I/Q modulator which upconverts the incoming baseband signal to the common IF frequency. The second section is the offset PLL, which consists of a downconversion mixer and a phase detector. The phase detector compares the downconverted external Tx VCO output and the upconverted baseband input at the common IF frequency. The output of the phase detector controls the off-chip Tx VCO to generate the RF transmit signal.

The IFLO section includes buffers and dividers that provide LO signals for both receiver and transmitter sec-

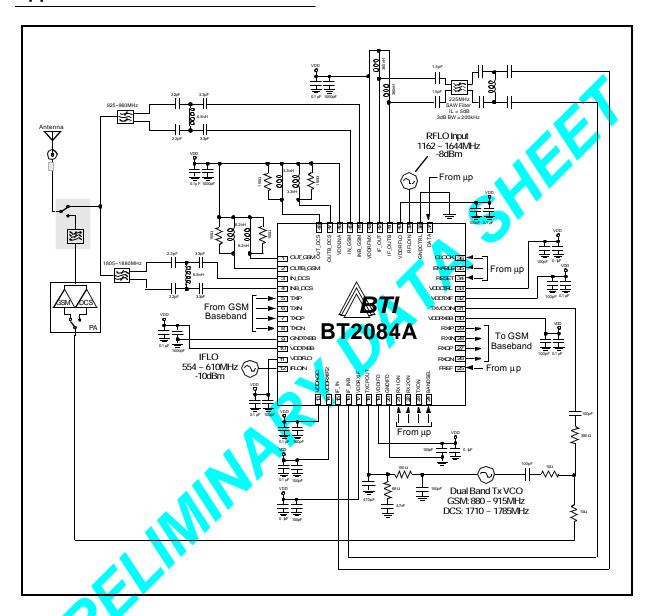
tions. The input to the IFLO section is generated from an off-chip VCO. The RFLO section includes buffers that provide LO signals for both the receiver and transmitter. The input to the RFLO section is also generated from an off-chip VCO.

The operation of the transceiver in different modes is controlled using combinations of the RX1ON, RX2ON, TXON, and BANDSEL pins (*Table #2*). The other operation set-ups such as gain control in the LNA, IF buffer, and the AGC are provided digitally through a 3-wire interface with a microcontroller or baseband processor (*Table #3*).

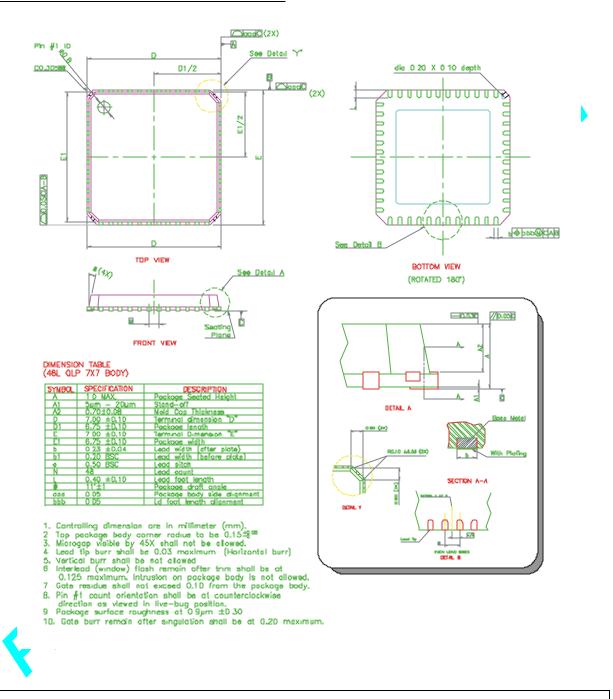
## **Functional Block Diagram**



# **Application Circuit**



## **Package Information**



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