

MC10E016, MC100E016

5V ECL 8-Bit Synchronous Binary Up Counter

The MC10E/100E016 is a high-speed synchronous, presettable, cascadable 8-bit binary counter. Architecture and operation are the same as the MC10H016 in the MECL 10H family, extended to 8-bits, as shown in the logic symbol.

The counter features internal feedback of \overline{TC} , gated by the TCLD (terminal count load) pin. When TCLD is LOW (or left open, in which case it is pulled LOW by the internal pull-downs), the \overline{TC} feedback is disabled, and counting proceeds continuously, with \overline{TC} going LOW to indicate an all-one state. When TCLD is HIGH, the \overline{TC} feedback causes the counter to automatically reload upon $\overline{TC} = \text{LOW}$, thus functioning as a programmable counter. The Q_n outputs do not need to be terminated for the count function to operate properly. To minimize noise and power, unused Q outputs should be left unterminated.

The 100 series contains temperature compensation.

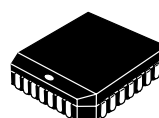
- 700 MHz Min. Count Frequency
- 1000 ps CLK to Q, \overline{TC}
- Internal \overline{TC} Feedback (Gated)
- 8-Bit
- Fully Synchronous Counting and \overline{TC} Generation
- Asynchronous Master Reset
- PECL Mode Operating Range: $V_{CC} = 4.2 \text{ V}$ to 5.7 V with $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$
- NECL Mode Operating Range: $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$ with $V_{EE} = -4.2 \text{ V}$ to -5.7 V
- Internal Input 50 K Ω Pulldown Resistors
- ESD Protection: Human Body Model; > 2 KV, Machine Model; > 200 V
- Meets or Exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test
- Moisture Sensitivity Level 1
For Additional Information, see Application Note AND8003/D
- Flammability Rating: UL 94 V-0 @ 1.125 in, Oxygen Index: 28 to 34
- Transistor Count = 592 devices



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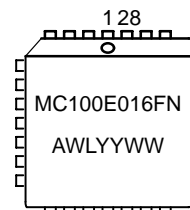
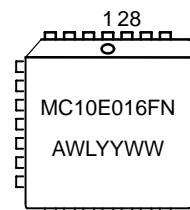
<http://onsemi.com>

MARKING DIAGRAMS



**PLCC-28
FN SUFFIX
CASE 776**

A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
YY = Year
WW = Work Week



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping†
MC10E016FN	PLCC-28	37 Units/Rail
MC10E016FNR2	PLCC-28	500 Units/Reel
MC100E016FN	PLCC-28	37 Units/Rail
MC100E016FNR2	PLCC-28	500 Units/Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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FUNCTION TABLE

CE	PE	TCLD	MR	CLK	FUNCTION
X	L	X	L	Z	Load Parallel (P_n to Q_n)
L	H	L	L	Z	Continuous Count
L	H	H	L	Z	Count; Load Parallel on \overline{TC} = LOW
H	H	X	L	Z	Hold
X	X	X	L	ZZ	Masters Respond, Slaves Hold
X	X	X	H	X	Reset (Q_n : = LOW, \overline{TC} : = HIGH)

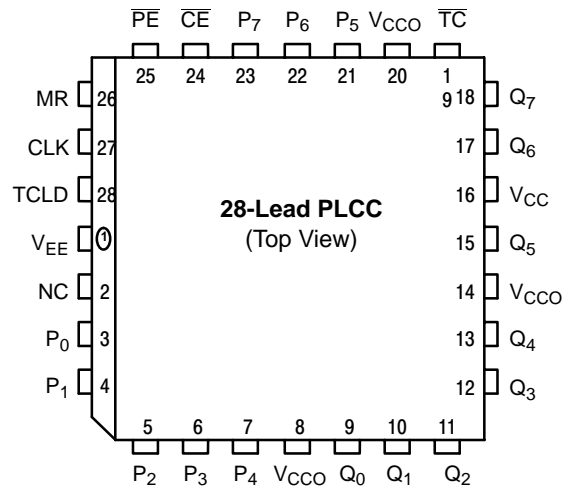
Z= clock pulse (low to high);

ZZ= clock pulse (high to low)

PIN DESCRIPTION

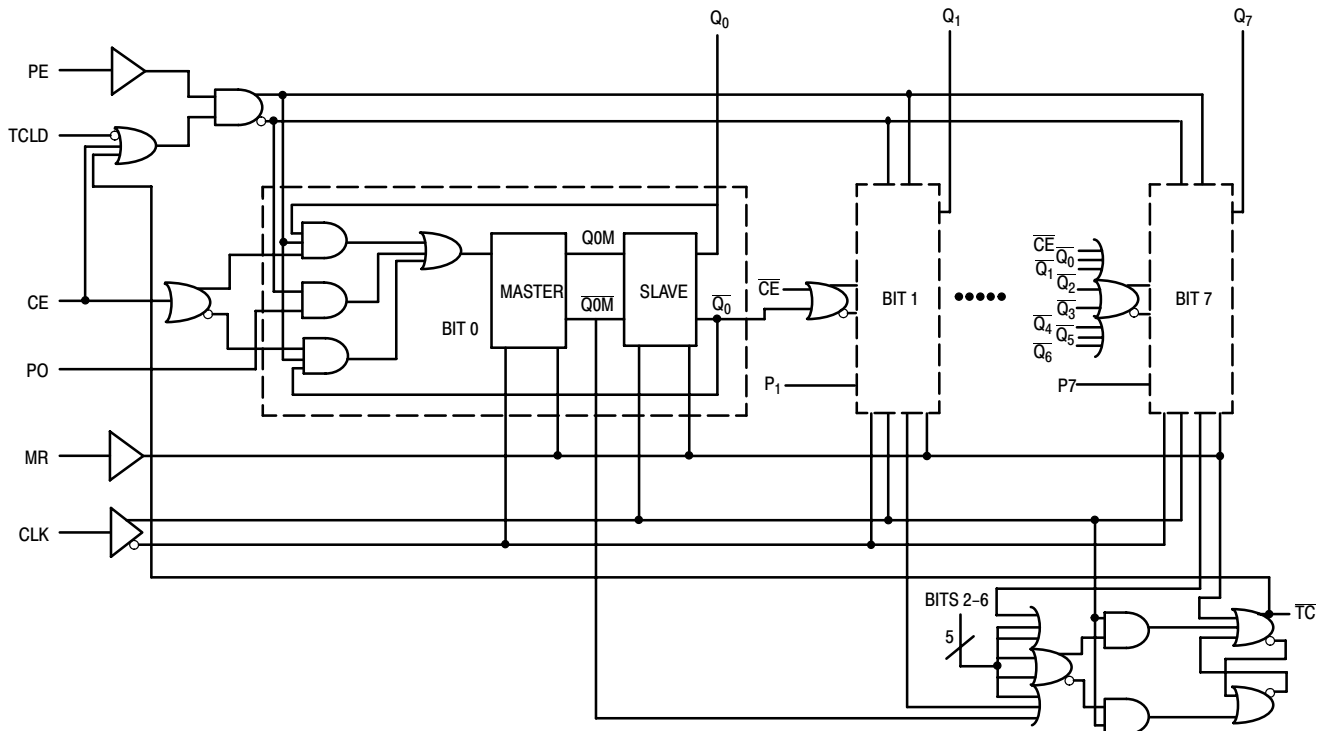
PIN	FUNCTION
$P_0 - P_7$	ECL Parallel Data (Preset) Inputs
$Q_0 - Q_7$	ECL Data Outputs
CE	ECL Count Enable Control Input
PE	ECL Parallel Load Enable Control Input
MR	ECL Master Reset
CLK	ECL Clock
TC	ECL Terminal Count Output
TCLD	ECL TC-Load Control Input
NC	No Connect
V_{CC}, V_{CCO}	Positive Supply
V_{EE}	Negative Supply

LOGIC DIAGRAM AND PINOUT ASSIGNMENT



* All V_{CC} and V_{CCO} pins are tied together on the die.
Warning: All V_{CC} , V_{CCO} , and V_{EE} pins must be externally connected to Power Supply to guarantee proper operation.

8-BIT BINARY COUNTER LOGIC DIAGRAM



Note that this diagram is provided for understanding of logic operation only.
It should not be used for propagation delays as many gate functions are achieved internally without incurring a full gate delay.

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MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition 1	Condition 2	Rating	Units
V _{CC}	PECL Mode Power Supply	V _{EE} = 0 V		8	V
V _I	PECL Mode Input Voltage NECL Mode Input Voltage	V _{EE} = 0 V V _{CC} = 0 V	V _I ≤ V _{CC} V _I ≥ V _{EE}	6 -6	V
I _{out}	Output Current	Continuous Surge		50 100	mA mA
T _A	Operating Temperature Range			0 to +85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			-65 to +150	°C
θ _{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient)	0 LFPM 500 LFPM	28 PLCC 28 PLCC	63.5 43.5	°C/W °C/W
θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	Standard Board	28 PLCC	22 to 26	°C/W
T _{sol}	Wave Solder	<2 to 3 sec @ 248°C		265	°C

Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If stress limits are exceeded device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected. Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

10E SERIES PECL DC CHARACTERISTICS V_{CCx} = 5.0 V; V_{EE} = 0.0 V (Note 1)

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current		151	181		151	181		151	181	mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 2)	3980	4070	4160	4020	4105	4190	4090	4185	4280	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 2)	3050	3210	3370	3050	3210	3370	3050	3227	3405	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	3830	3995	4160	3870	4030	4190	3940	4110	4280	mV
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	3050	3285	3520	3050	3285	3520	3050	3302	3555	mV
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5	0.3		0.5	0.25		0.3	0.2		μA

NOTE: Devices are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfpm is maintained.

1. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary -0.46 V / +0.06 V.
2. Outputs are terminated through a 50 ohm resistor to V_{CC}-2 volts.

10E SERIES NECL DC CHARACTERISTICS V_{CCx} = 0.0 V; V_{EE} = -5.0 V (Note 3)

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current		151	181		151	181		151	181	mA
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 4)	-1020	-930	-840	-980	-895	-810	-910	-815	-720	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 4)	-1950	-1790	-1630	-1950	-1790	-1630	-1950	-1773	-1595	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	-1170	-1005	-840	-1130	-970	-810	-1060	-890	-720	mV
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	-1950	-1715	-1480	-1950	-1715	-1480	-1950	-1698	-1445	mV
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5	0.3		0.5	0.065		0.3	0.2		μA

NOTE: Devices are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfpm is maintained.

3. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC}. V_{EE} can vary -0.46 V / +0.06 V.
4. Outputs are terminated through a 50 ohm resistor to V_{CC}-2 volts.

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100E SERIES PECL DC CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CCx} = 5.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0.0\text{ V}$ (Note 5)

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		151	181		151	181		174	208	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 6)	3975	4050	4120	3975	4050	4120	3975	4050	4120	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 6)	3190	3295	3380	3190	3255	3380	3190	3260	3380	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	3835	3975	4120	3835	3975	4120	3835	3975	4120	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	3190	3355	3525	3190	3355	3525	3190	3355	3525	mV
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5	0.3		0.5	0.25		0.5	0.2		μA

NOTE: Devices are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfm is maintained.

5. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary $-0.46\text{ V} / +0.8\text{ V}$.

6. Outputs are terminated through a 50 ohm resistor to $V_{CC} - 2\text{ V}$.

100E SERIES NECL DC CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CCx} = 0.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -5.0\text{ V}$ (Note 7)

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		151	181		151	181		174	208	mA
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 8)	-1025	-950	-880	-1025	-950	-880	-1025	-950	-880	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 8)	-1810	-1705	-1620	-1810	-1745	-1620	-1810	-1740	-1620	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	-1165	-1025	-880	-1165	-1025	-880	-1165	-1025	-880	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	-1810	-1645	-1475	-1810	-1645	-1475	-1810	-1645	-1475	mV
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5	0.3		0.5	0.25		0.5	0.2		μA

NOTE: Devices are designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfm is maintained.

7. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary $-0.46\text{ V} / +0.8\text{ V}$.

8. Outputs are terminated through a 50 ohm resistor to $V_{CC} - 2\text{ V}$.

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AC CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CCx} = 5.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = 0.0\text{ V}$ or $V_{CCx} = 0.0\text{ V}$; $V_{EE} = -5.0\text{ V}$ (Note 9)

Symbol	Characteristic	0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{MAX}	Maximum Toggle Frequency		700			700			700		MHz
f_{COUNT}	Max. Count Frequency	700	900		700	900		700	900		MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay to Output CLK to Q MR to Q CLK to \overline{TC} MR to \overline{TC}	600 600 550 625	725 775 775 775	1000 1000 900 1000	600 600 550 625	725 775 775 775	1000 1000 900 1000	600 600 550 625	725 775 775 775	1000 1000 1050 1000	ps
t_s	Setup Time (to CLK +) Pn \overline{CE} \overline{PE} TCLD	150 600 600 500	– 30 400 400 300		150 600 600 500	– 30 400 400 300		150 600 600 500	– 30 400 400 300		ps
t_h	Hold Time (to CLK +) Pn \overline{CE} \overline{PE} TCLD	350 400 0 100	100 200 200 – 300		350 400 0 100	100 200 200 – 300		350 400 0 100	100 200 200 – 300		
t_{RR}	Reset Recovery Time	900	700		900	700		900	700		ps
t_{PW}	Minimum Pulse Width CLK, MR	400			400			400			ps
t_{JITTER}	Random Clock Jitter (RMS)		< 1			< 1			< 1		ps
t_r t_f	Rise/Fall Times (20 - 80%)	300	510	800	300	510	800	300	510		ps

NOTE: Devices are designed to meet the AC specifications shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow greater than 500 lfm is maintained.

9. 10 Series: V_{EE} can vary $-0.46\text{ V} / +0.06\text{ V}$.

100 Series: V_{EE} can vary $-0.46\text{ V} / +0.8\text{ V}$.

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FUNCTION TABLE

Function	PE	CE	MR	TCLD	CLK	P7-P4	P3	P2	P1	P0	Q7-Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q0	TC
Load	L	X	L	X	Z	H	H	H	L	L	H	H	H	L	L	H
Count	H	L	L	L	Z	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	H	H
	H	L	L	L	Z	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	L	H
	H	L	L	L	Z	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	H	H	L
	H	L	L	L	Z	X	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	L	H
Load	L	X	L	X	Z	H	H	H	L	L	H	H	H	L	L	H
Hold	H	H	L	X	Z	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	L	H
	H	H	L	X	Z	X	X	X	X	X	H	H	H	L	L	H
Load On	H	L	L	H	Z	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	L	H	H
Terminal	H	L	L	H	Z	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	L	H
Count	H	L	L	H	Z	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	H	H	H	L
	H	L	L	H	Z	H	L	H	H	L	H	L	H	H	L	H
	H	L	L	H	Z	H	L	H	H	L	H	L	H	H	H	H
	H	L	L	H	Z	H	L	H	H	L	H	H	L	L	L	H
Reset	X	X	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	L	H

Applications Information

Cascading Multiple E016 Devices

For applications which call for larger than 8-bit counters multiple E016s can be tied together to achieve very wide bit width counters. The active low terminal count (\overline{TC}) output and count enable input (\overline{CE}) greatly facilitate the cascading of E016 devices. Two E016s can be cascaded without the need for external gating, however for counters wider than 16 bits external OR gates are necessary for cascade implementations.

Figure 1 below pictorially illustrates the cascading of 4 E016s to build a 32-bit high frequency counter. Note the E101 gates used to OR the terminal count outputs of the lower order E016s to control the counting operation of the higher order bits. When the terminal count of the preceding device (or devices) goes low (the counter reaches an all 1s state) the more significant E016 is set in its count mode and will count one binary digit upon the next positive clock transition. In addition, the preceding devices will also count one bit thus sending their terminal count outputs back to a

high state disabling the count operation of the more significant counters and placing them back into hold modes. Therefore, for an E016 in the chain to count, all of the lower order terminal count outputs must be in the low state. The bit width of the counter can be increased or decreased by simply adding or subtracting E016 devices from Figure 1 and maintaining the logic pattern illustrated in the same figure.

The maximum frequency of operation for the cascaded counter chain is set by the propagation delay of the \overline{TC} output and the necessary setup time of the \overline{CE} input and the propagation delay through the OR gate controlling it (for 16-bit counters the limitation is only the \overline{TC} propagation delay and the \overline{CE} setup time). Figure 1 shows EL01 gates used to control the count enable inputs, however, if the frequency of operation is lower a slower, ECL OR gate can be used. Using the worst case guarantees for these parameters from the ECLinPS data book, the maximum count frequency for a greater than 16-bit counter is 500MHz and that for a 16-bit counter is 625MHz.

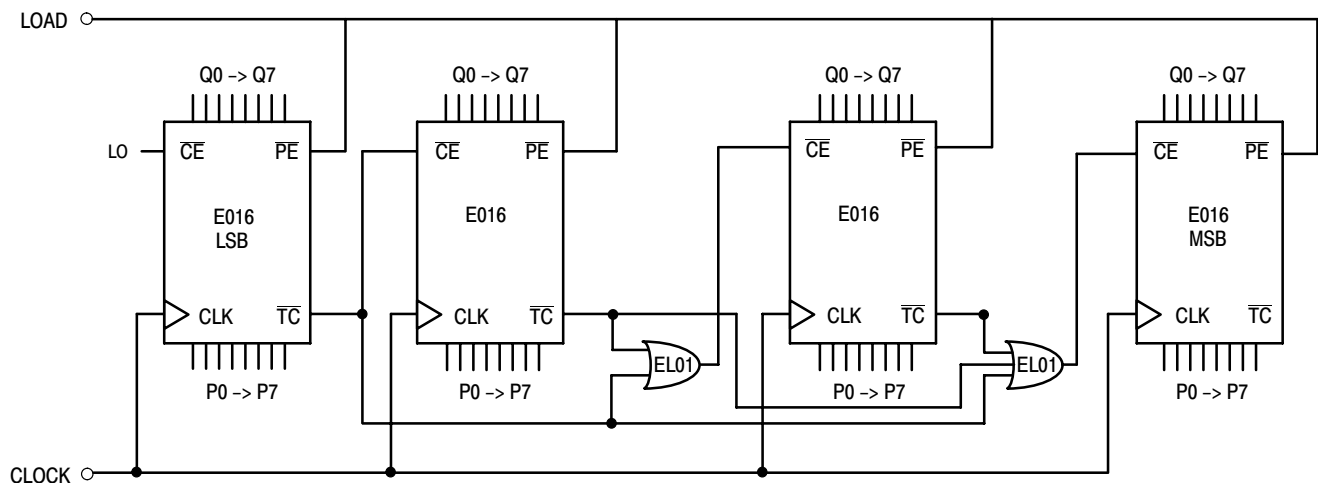


Figure 1. 32-Bit Cascaded E016 Counter

Applications Information (continued)

Note that this assumes the trace delay between the \overline{TC} outputs and the \overline{CE} inputs are negligible. If this is not the case estimates of these delays need to be added to the calculations.

Programmable Divider

The E016 has been designed with a control pin which makes it ideal for use as an 8-bit programmable divider. The TCLD pin (load on terminal count) when asserted reloads the data present at the parallel input pin (Pn's) upon reaching terminal count (an all 1s state on the outputs). Because this feedback is built internal to the chip, the programmable division operation will run at very nearly the same frequency as the maximum counting frequency of the device. Figure 2 below illustrates the input conditions necessary for utilizing the E016 as a programmable divider set up to divide by 113.

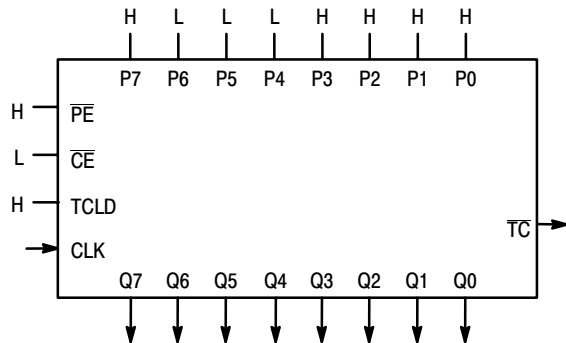


Figure 2. Mod 2 to 256 Programmable Divider

To determine what value to load into the device to accomplish the desired division, the designer simply subtracts the binary equivalent of the desired divide ratio from the binary value for 256. As an example for a divide ratio of 113:

$$Pn's = 256 - 113 = 8F_{16} = 1000\ 1111$$

where:

P0 = LSB and P7 = MSB

Forcing this input condition as per the setup in Figure 2 will result in the waveforms of Figure 3. Note that the \overline{TC} output is used as the divide output and the pulse duration is equal to a full clock period. For even divide ratios, twice the desired divide ratio can be loaded into the E016 and the \overline{TC} output can feed the clock input of a toggle flip flop to create a signal divided as desired with a 50% duty cycle.

Table 1. Preset Values for Various Divide Ratios

Divide Ratio	Preset Data Inputs							
	P7	P6	P5	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0
2	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	L
3	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	H
4	H	H	H	H	H	H	L	L
5	H	H	H	H	H	L	H	H
w	w	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
w	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
112	H	L	L	H	L	L	L	L
113	H	L	L	L	H	H	H	H
114	H	L	L	L	H	H	H	L
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
254	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L
255	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H
256	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

A single E016 can be used to divide by any ratio from 2 to 256 inclusive. If divide ratios of greater than 256 are needed multiple E016s can be cascaded in a manner similar to that already discussed. When E016s are cascaded to build larger dividers the TCLD pin will no longer provide a means for loading on terminal count. Because one does not want to reload the counters until all of the devices in the chain have reached terminal count, external gating of the \overline{TC} pins must be used for multiple E016 divider chains.

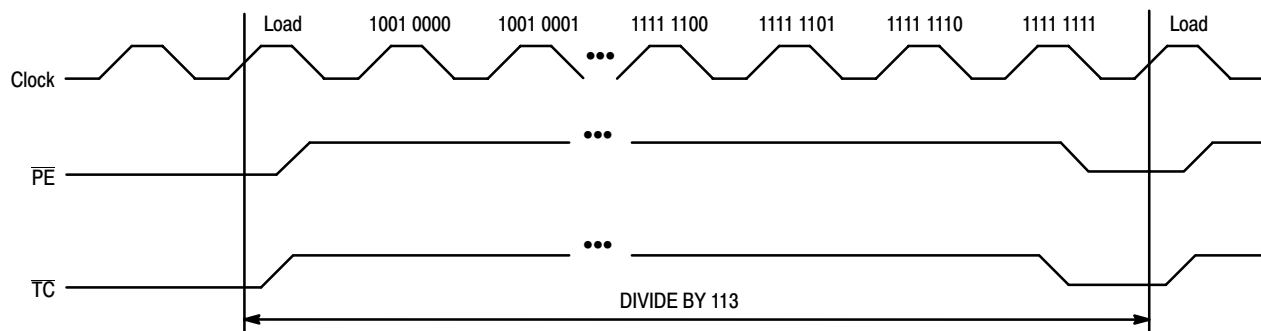


Figure 3. Divide by 113 E016 Programmable Divider Waveforms

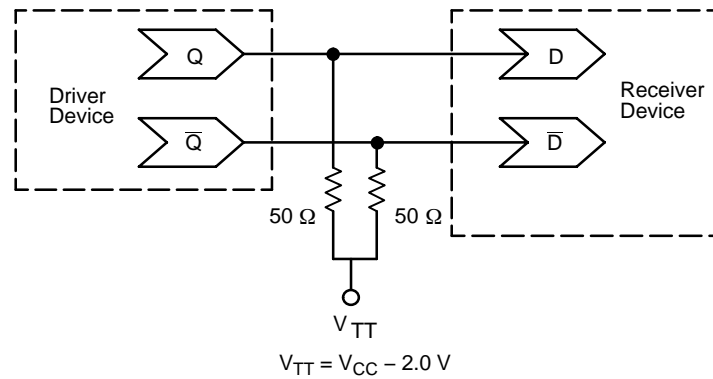
Applications Information (continued)



Maximizing E016 Count Frequency

<http://onsemi.com>

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**Figure 5. Typical Termination for Output Driver and Device Evaluation
(See Application Note AND8020 – Termination of ECL Logic Devices.)**

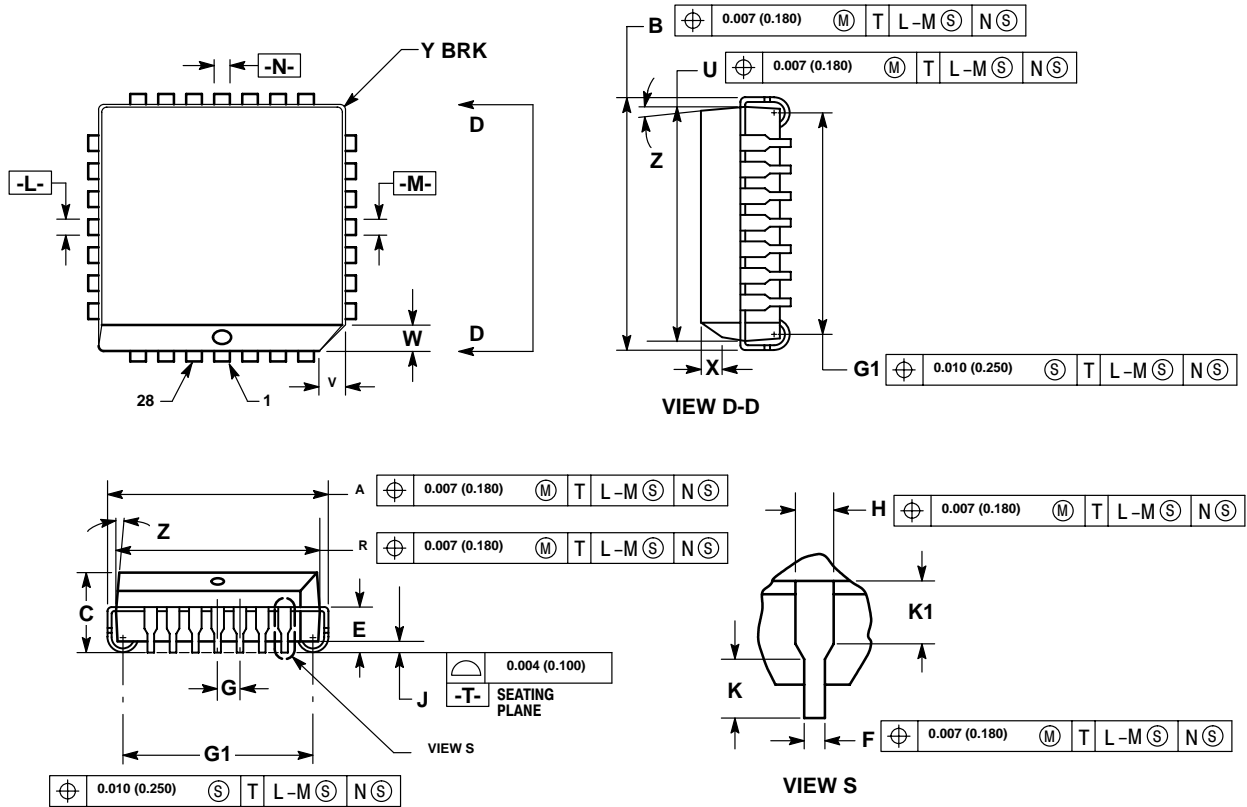
Resource Reference of Application Notes

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| AN1404 | – ECLinPS Circuit Performance at Non-Standard V_{IH} Levels |
| AN1405 | – ECL Clock Distribution Techniques |
| AN1406 | – Designing with PECL (ECL at +5.0 V) |
| AN1503 | – ECLinPS I/O SPICE Modeling Kit |
| AN1504 | – Metastability and the ECLinPS Family |
| AN1568 | – Interfacing Between LVDS and ECL |
| AN1596 | – ECLinPS Lite Translator ELT Family SPICE I/O Model Kit |
| AN1650 | – Using Wire-OR Ties in ECLinPS Designs |
| AN1672 | – The ECL Translator Guide |
| AND8001 | – Odd Number Counters Design |
| AND8002 | – Marking and Date Codes |
| AND8020 | – Termination of ECL Logic Devices |

MC10E016, MC100E016

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

PLCC-28
FN SUFFIX
PLASTIC PLCC PACKAGE
CASE 776-02
ISSUE E



NOTES:

- DATUMS -L-, -M-, AND -N- DETERMINED WHERE TOP OF LEAD SHOULDER EXITS PLASTIC BODY AT MOLD PARTING LINE.
- DIM G1, TRUE POSITION TO BE MEASURED AT DATUM -T-, SEATING PLANE.
- DIM R AND U DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. ALLOWABLE MOLD FLASH IS 0.010 (0.250) PER SIDE.
- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKAGE BOTTOM BY UP TO 0.012 (0.300). DIMENSIONS R AND U ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH, TIE BAR BURRS, GATE BURRS AND INTERLEAD FLASH, BUT INCLUDING ANY MISMATCH BETWEEN THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- DIMENSION H DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION OR INTRUSION. THE DAMBAR PROTRUSION(S) SHALL NOT CAUSE THE H DIMENSION TO BE GREATER THAN 0.037 (0.940). THE DAMBAR INTRUSION(S) SHALL NOT CAUSE THE H DIMENSION TO BE SMALLER THAN 0.025 (0.635).

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.485	0.495	12.32	12.57
B	0.485	0.495	12.32	12.57
C	0.165	0.180	4.20	4.57
E	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79
F	0.013	0.019	0.33	0.48
G	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC	
H	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81
J	0.020	—	0.51	—
K	0.025	—	0.64	—
R	0.450	0.456	11.43	11.58
U	0.450	0.456	11.43	11.58
V	0.042	0.048	1.07	1.21
W	0.042	0.048	1.07	1.21
X	0.042	0.056	1.07	1.42
Y	—	0.020	—	0.50
Z	2°	10°	2°	10°
G1	0.410	0.430	10.42	10.92
K1	0.040	—	1.02	—

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