

# **Reflective Optical Sensor with PIN Photodiode Output**

## **Description**

The TCND5000 is a reflective sensor that includes an infrared emitter and PIN photodiode in a surface mount package which blocks visible light.

#### **Features**

Package type: Surface mountDetector type: PIN Photodiode



L 6 mm x W 4.3 mm x H 3.75 mm

· Peak operating distance: 6 mm

• Peak operating range: 2 mm to 25 mm

• Typical output current under test:  $I_{ra} > 0.11 \mu A$ 

• Daylight blocking filter

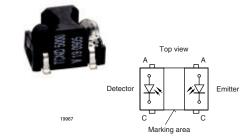
· High linearity

• Emitter wavelength 940 nm

• Lead (Pb)-free soldering released

 Lead (Pb)-free component in accordance to RoHS 2002/95/EC and WEEE 2002/96/EC

• Minimum order quantity 2000 pcs, 2000 pcs/reel



#### **Applications**

- · Proximity sensor
- · Object sensor
- Motion sensor
- Touch key

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

#### Input (Emitter)

| Parameter            | Test condition                                             | Symbol          | Value | Unit |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
| Reverse Voltage      |                                                            | $V_{R}$         | 5     | V    |
| Forward current      |                                                            | I <sub>F</sub>  | 100   | mA   |
| Peak Forward Current | $t_p = 50 \mu s$ , T = 2 ms,<br>$T_{amb} = 25  ^{\circ} C$ | I <sub>FM</sub> | 500   | mA   |
| Power Dissipation    |                                                            | $P_V$           | 190   | mW   |
| Junction Temperature |                                                            | T <sub>j</sub>  | 100   | °C   |

### **Output (Detector)**

| Parameter            | Test condition | Symbol         | Value | Unit |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Reverse Voltage      |                | $V_R$          | 60    | V    |
| Power Dissipation    |                | P <sub>V</sub> | 75    | mW   |
| Junction Temperature |                | T <sub>j</sub> | 100   | °C   |

Document Number 83795 www.vishay.com

Rev. 1.2, 04-Sep-06



#### Sensor

| Parameter                   | Test condition | Symbol           | Value         | Unit |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|------|
| Operating Temperature Range |                | T <sub>amb</sub> | - 40 to + 85  | °C   |
| Storage Temperature Range   |                | T <sub>stg</sub> | - 40 to + 100 | °C   |
| Soldering Temperature       | acc. fig. 14   | T <sub>sd</sub>  | 260           | °C   |

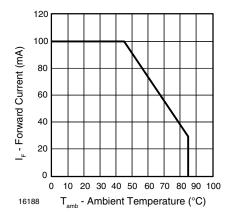


Figure 1. Forward Current Limit vs. Ambient Temperature

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

# Input (Emitter)

| Parameter                           | Test condition                                 | Symbol           | Min | Тур.  | Max | Unit  |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Forward Voltage                     | $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}, t_p = 20 \text{ ms}$     | $V_{F}$          |     | 1.2   | 1.5 | V     |
| Temp. Coefficient of V <sub>F</sub> | I <sub>F</sub> = 1 mA                          | TK <sub>VF</sub> |     | - 1.3 |     | mV/K  |
| Reverse Current                     | V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V                           | I <sub>R</sub>   |     |       | 10  | μΑ    |
| Junction Capacitance                | V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, E = 0         | C <sub>j</sub>   |     | 25    |     | pF    |
| Radiant Intensity                   | I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA, t <sub>p</sub> = 20 ms | I <sub>e</sub>   |     | 7     | 75  | mW/sr |
| Angle of Half Intensity             |                                                | φ                |     | ± 12  |     | deg   |
| Peak Wavelength                     | I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA                        | $\lambda_{p}$    | 930 | 940   |     | nm    |
| Spectral Bandwidth                  | I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA                        | Δλ               |     | 50    |     | nm    |
| Temp. Coefficient of $\lambda_p$    | I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA                        | TKλ <sub>p</sub> |     | 0.2   |     | nm/K  |
| Rise Time                           | I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA                        | t <sub>r</sub>   |     | 800   |     | ns    |
| Fall Time                           | I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA                        | t <sub>f</sub>   |     | 800   |     | ns    |
| Virtual Source Diameter             | Method: 63 % encircled energy                  | Ø                |     | 1.2   |     | mm    |

see figures 2 to 8 accordingly

www.vishay.com

Document Number 83795

Rev. 1.2, 04-Sep-06



# **Output (Detector)**

| Parameter                            | Test condition                                                             | Symbol            | Min | Тур.        | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----|-------------|-----|------|
| Forward Voltage                      | I <sub>F</sub> = 50 mA                                                     | V <sub>F</sub>    |     | 1.0         | 1.3 | ٧    |
| Breakdown Voltage                    | I <sub>R</sub> = 100 μA                                                    | $V_{BR}$          | 60  |             |     | V    |
| Reverse Dark Current                 | V <sub>R</sub> = 10 V, E = 0                                               | I <sub>ro</sub>   |     | 1           | 10  | nA   |
| Diode capacitance                    | V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V, f = 1 MHz, E = 0                                     | C <sub>D</sub>    |     | 1.8         |     | pF   |
| Reverse Light Current                | $E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$<br>$\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}, V_R = 5 \text{ V}$ | I <sub>ra</sub>   |     | 12          |     | μΑ   |
| Temp. Coefficient of I <sub>ra</sub> | $V_R = 5 \text{ V}, \ \lambda = 870 \text{ nm}$                            | TK <sub>ira</sub> |     | 0.2         |     | %/K  |
| Angle of Half Intensity              |                                                                            | φ                 |     | ± 15        |     | deg  |
| Wavelength of Peak Sensitivity       |                                                                            | $\lambda_{p}$     |     | 930         |     | nm   |
| Range of Spectral Bandwidth          |                                                                            | λ <sub>0.5</sub>  |     | 840 to 1050 |     | nm   |

see figures 9 to 12 accordingly

#### **Sensor**

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter             | Test condition                                                                              | Symbol          | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Reverse Light Current | $V_R = 2.5 \text{ V}, I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$<br>D = 30 mm<br>reflective mode:<br>see figure 2 | I <sub>ra</sub> | 110 |      |     | nA   |

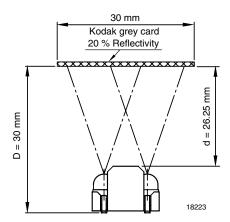


Figure 2. Test Circuit

www.vishay.com

# VISHAY.

#### **Typical Characteristics**

T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

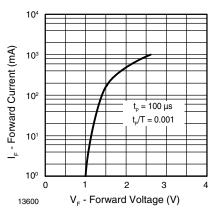


Figure 3. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

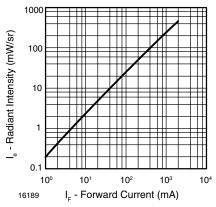


Figure 4. Radiant Intensity vs. Forward Current

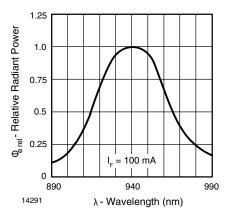


Figure 5. Relative Radiant Power vs. Wavelength

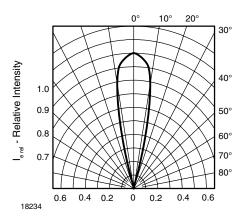


Figure 6. Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

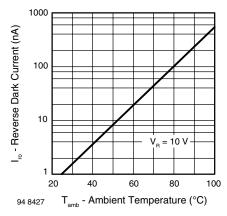


Figure 7. Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

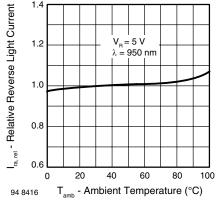


Figure 8. Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature



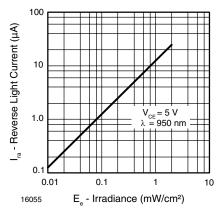


Figure 9. Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance

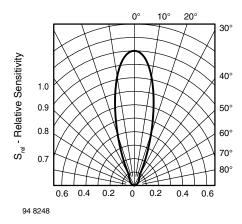


Figure 12. Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

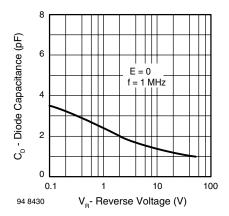


Figure 10. Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

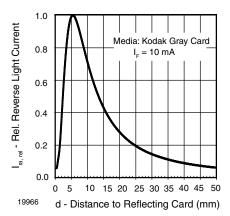


Figure 13. Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Distance

5

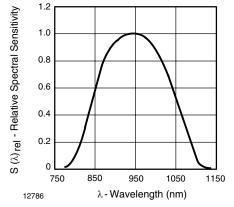
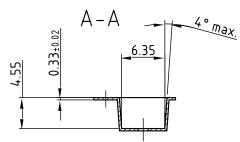
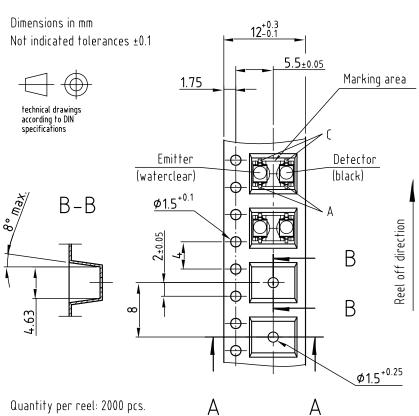


Figure 11. Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

# VISHAY.

## **Taping**





Material of Blistertape: PC black Sealing of cavities with hot sealing cover tape, C-Pak Type CP - 2010 AS (Thickness: 0.055 - 0.075mm; Base Material: Polyester)

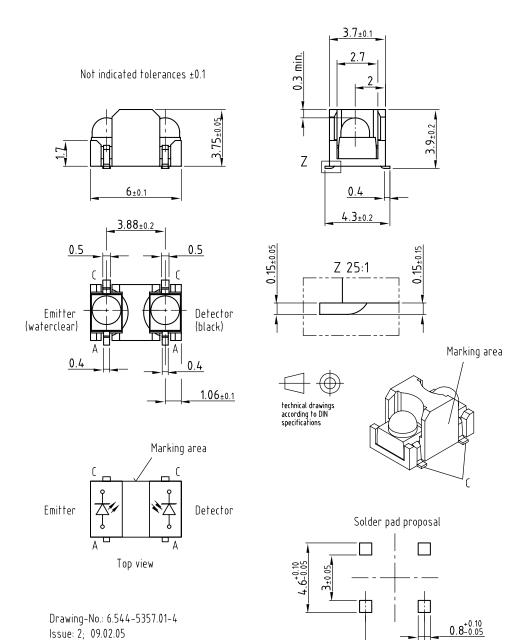
Drawing-No.: 9.700-5281.01-4

Issue: 4; 10.02.05

18222



# Package Dimensions in mm



19968

3.88±0.1



#### **Precautions For Use**

#### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

#### 2. Storage

- 2.1 Storage temperature and rel. humidity conditions are: 5  $^{\circ}$ C to 30  $^{\circ}$ C, R.H. 60  $^{\circ}$
- 2.2 Floor life must not exceed 72 h, acc. to JEDEC level 4, J-STD-020.

Once the package is opened, the products should be used within 72 h. Otherwise, they should be kept in a damp proof box with desiccant.

Considering tape life, we suggest to use products within one year from production date.

- 2.3 If opened more than 72 h in an atmosphere 5  $^{\circ}$ C to 30  $^{\circ}$ C, R.H. 60  $^{\circ}$ K, devices should be treated at 60  $^{\circ}$ C  $\pm$  5  $^{\circ}$ C for 15 hrs.
- 2.4 If humidity indicator in the package shows pink color (normal blue), then devices should be treated with the same conditions as 2.3

#### **Reflow Solder Profiles**

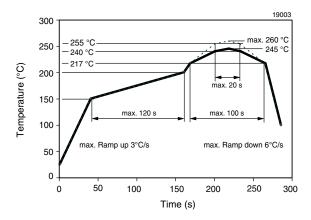


Figure 14. Lead (Pb)-Free Reflow Solder Profile

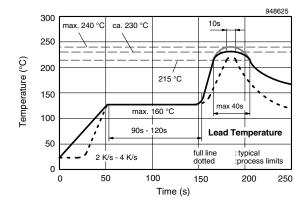


Figure 15. Lead Tin (SnPb) Reflow Solder Profile



#### **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

> We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH, P.O.B. 3535, D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany

Document Number 83795 www.vishay.com Rev. 1.2, 04-Sep-06



Vishay

## **Disclaimer**

All product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained herein or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay disclaims any and all liability arising out of the use or application of any product described herein or of any information provided herein to the maximum extent permitted by law. The product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein, which apply to these products.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay.

The products shown herein are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications unless otherwise expressly indicated. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so entirely at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Vishay for any damages arising or resulting from such use or sale. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Revision: 18-Jul-08

Document Number: 91000 www.vishay.com